$(Convenience\ translation\ of\ the\ consolidated\ financial\ statements\ originally\ issued\ in\ Turkish)$

BİM BİRLEŞİK MAĞAZALAR A.Ş.

CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION INTO ENGLISH OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 1 - JUNE 30, 2023



Güney Bağımsız Denetim ve SMMM A.Ş. Maslak Mah. Eski Büyükdere Cad. Orjin Maslak İş Merkezi No: 27 Kat: 2-3-4 Daire: 54-57-59 34485 Sarıyer İstanbul - Türkiye Tel: +90 212 315 3000 Fax: +90 212 230 8291 ey.com

Ticaret Sicil No : 479920 Mersis No: 0-4350-3032-6000017

(Convenience translation of a report and consolidated financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

Report on Review of Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

To the General Assembly of BİM Birleşik Mağazalar A.Ş.

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying interim consolidated statement of financial position of BİM Birleşik Mağazalar A.Ş. ("the Company") and its subsidiaries ("the Group") as of June 30, 2023 and the interim consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the six-month period then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes. Group management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these interim consolidated financial statements in accordance with Turkish Financial Reporting Standards. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these interim consolidated financial statements based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements (ISRE) 2410 "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review of interim financial information is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Independent Auditing Standards and the objective of which is to express an opinion on the financial statements. Consequently, a review of the interim financial information does not provide assurance that the audit firm will be aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim consolidated financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at June 30, 2023, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the six-month period then ended in accordance with Turkish Financial Reporting Standards.



Additional paragraph for convenience translation to English

In the accompanying consolidated financial statements, the accounting principles described in Note 2 (defined as Turkish Accounting Standards/Turkish Financial Reporting Standards) differ from International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board with respect to the application of inflation accounting. Accordingly, the accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations in accordance with IFRS.

Güney Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik Anonim Şirketi A member firm of Ernst & Young Global Limited

Kaan Birdal, SMMM Partner

August 17, 2023 Istanbul, Turkey

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CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS AT JUNE 30, 2023 AND DECEMBER 31, 2022

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated and all other currencies are expressed in full amounts unless otherwise stated.)

ASSETS

		Reviewed	Audited
		June 30,	December 31,
	Notes	2023	2022
Current assets		39.348.524	28.095.102
Cash and cash equivalents	4	3.981.304	2.181.753
Financial investments	5	2.568.571	2.012.357
Trade receivables		9.858.560	7.074.346
- Trade receivables from third parties	7	9.858.560	7.074.346
Other receivables	8	550.378	109.889
- Other receivables from related parties		1.707	988
- Other receivables from third parties		548.671	108.901
Inventory	9	18.787.457	14.631.983
Prepaid expenses	14	1.980.045	976.660
Other current assets	16	1.622.209	1.108.114
Non-current assets		44.300.602	36.589.331
Financial investments	5	2.092.540	2.092.540
Other receivables		62.630	55.147
- Other receivables from third parties		62.630	55.147
Property, plant and equipment	10	24.933.470	22.540.650
Intangible assets		98.600	65.034
- Other Intangible assets	11	85.179	51.613
- Goodwill		13.421	13.421
Right of use assets	12	15.618.071	10.696.965
Prepaid expenses	14	765.036	455.945
Deferred tax assets	25	730.255	683.050
Total assets		83.649.126	64.684.433

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS AT JUNE 30, 2023 AND DECEMBER 31, 2022

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated and all other currencies are expressed in full amounts unless otherwise stated.)

LIABILITIES

		Reviewed	Audited
		June 30,	December 31,
	Notes	2023	2022
Current liabilities		42.440.765	28.809.987
Short-term liabilities	6	3.262.986	2.450.374
- Lease liabilities		3.262.986	2.450.374
Trade payables		34.434.724	24.745.248
- Trade payables due to related parties	28	2.398.869	2.483.734
- Trade payables due to third parties	7	32.035.855	22.261.514
Other payables	·	1.949.281	870
- Other payables due to related parties		1.948.531	-
- Other payables due to third parties		750	870
Deferred income	14	383.826	142.845
Payables related to employee benefits	1.	829.175	434.747
Short term provisions		393.501	237.367
- Provision for employee benefits	13	226.995	111.846
- Other short-term provisions	13	166,506	125.521
Current income tax liabilities	25	499.311	355.213
Other current liabilities	16	687.961	443.323
Other current natinities	10	007.501	443.323
Non-current liabilities		15.057.140	10.465.043
Long - term liabilities	6	13.827.970	9.460.474
- Lease liabilities		13.827.970	9.460.474
Non - current provisions		1.220.035	995.345
- Provision for employee benefits	15	1.220.035	995.345
Deferred tax liabilities	25	9.135	9.224
Equity		26.151.221	25.409.403
Paid-in share capital	17	607.200	607.200
Treasury Shares	17	(747.689)	(637.483)
Other comprehensive income/(expense) not to be		12 211 050	10.514.454
reclassified to profit or loss	10.15	13.211.970	13.714.454
- Property, plant and equipment revaluation fund	10,17	12.456.813	12.566.677
- Actuarial loss on defined benefit plans		(1.095.100)	(702.480)
- Fair value changes in available-for-sale financial assets Other comprehensive income/(expense) to be reclassified to		1.850.257	1.850.257
		475.006	377.190
profit or loss		475.006	377.190 377.190
- Foreign currency translation difference			
Restricted reserves		2.108.817 6.075.076	1.698.046 1.284.655
Retained earnings			
Net income for the period		4.199.297	8.156.913
Equity holders of the parent		25.929.677	25.200.975
Non-controlling interests		221.544	208.428
Total liabilities	<u> </u>	83.649.126	64.684.433

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statemen

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022

FOR THE PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated and all other currencies are expressed in full amounts unless otherwise stated.)

Part Part				Not		Not
PROFIT OR LOSS Revenue		Notes	Reviewed		Reviewed	
PROFIT OR LOSS		110103		April 1 -		April 1 -
PROFIT OR LOSS Revenue			•		-	1
Revenue						
Revenue						
Cost of sales(-) Cost of sales(-) 18 (89.298.345) (47.183.778) (50.228.152) (27.981.865) GROSS PROFIT 19914.314 10.64.294 11.221.187 6.155.534 Marketing expenses (-) 19 (1.2498.879) (6.386.639) (6.23.903) (3.502.988) Other operating income 21 555.548 464.344 162.492 29.891 Other operating expense (-) 21 153.832 3.57.64 (53.572) 38.481 OPERATING PROFIT 5.832.219 3.668.034 4.069.875 2.267.138 Income from investing activities 24 151.346 84.558 191.669 148.322 Expense from investing activities 24 (47.120) 267.625 - 4.013 Deferating income 22 141.726 23.24.967 4.261.544 2.419.473 Financial income 22 141.726 122.264 118.794 34.813 Financial income 22 141.726 122.264 118.794 34.813 Financial income						
GROSS PROFIT 19.914.314 10.694.294 11.221.187 6.153.534 Marketing expenses (-) 19 (12.498.870) (6.386.639) (6.423.903) (3.502.88) General administrative expenses (-) 19 (1.988.591) (1.088.201) (836.329) (437.815) Other operating income 21 555.548 464.344 162.492 92.891 Other operating expense (-) 21 153.822) 365.034 4.069.875 2.267.138 Income from investing activities 24 151.346 84.558 191.669 148.322 Expense from investing activities 24 151.346 84.558 191.669 148.322 Expense from investing activities 24 151.346 84.558 191.669 148.322 Expense from investing activities 24 151.346 84.558 191.669 148.322 Expense from investing activities 25 5.936.448 372.4967 4.261.544 24.19.473 Financial income 25 5.936.448 372.4967 4.261.544 24.91.473 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
Marketing expenses (-) 19 (12.498.870) (6.386.639) (6.423.903) (3.502.988) General administrative expenses (-) 19 (1.985.950) (1.068.201) (836.329) (437.815) Other operating income 21 155.832.19 (3.608.201) (836.329) (437.815) OPERATING PROFIT 5.832.219 3.668.034 4.069.875 2.267.138 Income from investing activities 24 151.343 84.558 191.669 148.322 Expense from investing activities 24 151.343 84.558 191.669 148.322 Expense from investing activities 24 471.200 (27.625) - 4.013 OPERATING PROFIT BEFORE FINANCIAL EXPENSES 5.936.445 3.724.967 4.261.544 2.419.473 Financial income 22 141.726 122.264 118.794 3.813 Financial income 22 141.726 122.264 118.794 3.813 Financial income 22 141.726 122.264 147.0262 (758.865 (445.968)		18				
General administrative expenses (-) 19 (1.985.950) (1.068.201) (836.329) (437.815) Other operating income 21 556.548 464.344 162.492 92.891 Other operating expense (-) 21 (153.832.219) 3.668.034 4.069.875 2.267.138 Income from investing activities 24 151.346 84.558 191.669 148.322 Expense from investing activities 24 471.200 (27.625) - 4.013 OPERATING PROFIT BEFORE FINANCIAL EXPENSES 5936.445 3.724.967 4.261.544 2.419.473 Financial income 22 141.726 122.264 118.794 34.813 Financial income 22 141.726 122.264 118.794 34.813 Financial income 22 141.726 122.264 118.794 34.813 Financial expense (-) 23 996.153 (503.371) (600.305) 301.826 PROFIT BEFORE TAX FROM CONTINUED OPERATIONS 148.6075 2.838.842 3.027.652 1.663.441 Net	GROSS PROFIT		19.914.314	10.694.294		
Other operating income 21 556.548 464.344 162.492 92.891 Other operating expense (-) 21 (153.823) 36.68.034 (53.572) (38.484) OPERATING PROFIT 5.832.219 3.668.034 4.069.875 2.267.138 Income from investing activities 24 151.346 84.558 191.669 148.322 Expense from investing activities 24 (47.120) (27.625) - 4.013 OPERATING PROFIT BEFORE FINANCIAL EXPENSES 5.936.445 3.724.967 4.261.544 2419.473 Financial income 22 141.726 122.264 118.794 3.4813 Financial expense (-) 23 (996.153) (503.371) (600.305) (301.826) PROFIT BEFORE TAX FROM CONTINUED OPERATIONS 5.082.018 3.343.80 3.780.033 2.152.460 Current tax expense 25 (73.794) (34.756) 6.484 (23.051) PROFIT FROM CONTINUED OPERATIONS 4.186.075 2.838.842 3.027.652 1.683.441 Nort TINCOME FOR THE PERIOD		19	,	` /		(3.502.988)
Other operating expense (-) 21 (153.823) (35.764) (53.572) (38.484) OPERATING PROFIT 5.832.219 3.668.034 4.069.875 2.267.138 Income from investing activities 24 151.346 84.558 191.669 148.322 Expense from investing activities 24 (47.120) (27.625) - 4.013 OPERATING PROFIT BEFORE FINANCIAL EXPENSES 5.936.445 3.724.967 4.261.544 2.419.473 Financial income 22 141.726 122.264 118.794 34.813 Financial expense (-) 23 (996.153) (503.371) (600.035) (301.826) PROFIT BEFORE TAX FROM CONTINUED OPERATIONS 5.082.018 3.343.860 3.780.033 2.152.460 - Current tax expense 25 (822.149) (470.262) (758.865) (445.968) - Deferred tax income 25 (822.149) (470.262) (758.865) (445.968) PROFIT FROM CONTINUED OPERATIONS 4.186.075 2.838.842 3.027.652 1.683.411 Profit for the peri		19	(1.985.950)	(1.068.201)	(836.329)	(437.815)
Deferating Profit S.832.219 3.668.034 4.069.875 2.267.138 Income from investing activities 24 151,346 84.558 191.669 148.322 Expense from investing activities 24 (47.120) (27.625) - 4.013 (47.120) (27.625) - 4.013 (47.120) (27.625) - 4.013 (47.120) (27.625) - 4.013 (47.120) (27.625) - 4.013 (47.120) (27.625) - 4.013 (47.120) (27.625) - 4.013 (47.120) (27.625) - 4.013 (47.120) (27.625) - 4.013 (47.120) (27.625) (47.120) (47.12						
Income from investing activities		21	(153.823)	(35.764)	(53.572)	(38.484)
Expense from investing activities 24 (47.120) (27.625) - 4.013 OPERATING PROFIT BEFORE FINANCIAL EXPENSES 5.936.445 3.724.967 4.261.544 2.419.473 Financial income 22 141.726 122.264 118.794 34.813 Financial expense (-) 23 (996.153) (503.371) (600.305) (301.826) PROFIT BEFORE TAX FROM CONTINUED OPERATIONS 5.082.018 3.343.860 3.780.033 2.152.460 - Current tax expense 25 (822.149) (470.262) (758.865) (445.968) - Deferred tax income 25 (73.794) (34.756) 6.484 (23.051) PROFIT FROM CONTINUED OPERATIONS 4.186.075 2.838.842 3.027.652 1.683.441 PROFIT FROM CONTINUED OPERATIONS 4.186.075 2.838.842 3.027.652 1.683.441 PROFIT FROM CONTINUED OPERATIONS 4.186.075 2.838.842 3.027.652 1.683.441 PROFIT FROM CONTINUED OPERATIONS 4.199.297 2.845.179 3.017.698 1.676.094 NOT LINCOME FOR THE PERIOD			5.832.219	3.668.034	4.069.875	2.267.138
Defeating Profit Before Financial expenses 5.936.445 3.724.967 4.261.544 2.419.473 Financial income 22 141.726 122.264 118.794 34.813 Financial expense (-) 23 (996.153) (503.371) (600.305) (301.826) PROFIT BEFORE TAX FROM CONTINUED OPERATIONS 5.082.018 3.343.860 3.780.033 2.152.460 Current tax expense 25 (822.149) (470.262) (758.865) (445.968) Deferred tax income 25 (73.794) (34.756) 6.484 (23.051) PROFIT FROM CONTINUED OPERATIONS 4.186.075 2.838.842 3.027.652 1.683.441 NET INCOME FOR THE PERIOD 4.186.075 2.838.842 3.027.652 1.683.441 NET INCOME FOR THE PERIOD 4.199.297 2.845.179 3.017.698 1.676.094 Non-controlling interest 27 (13.222) (6.337) 9.954 7.347 Earnings per share 4.199.297 2.845.179 3.017.698 1.676.094 Roman of the parent 4.199.297 2.845.179 3.017.698 1.676.094 Non-controlling interest 27 (13.222) (6.337) 9.954 7.347 Earnings per share from continued operations (Full TRY) 26 7.03 4.76 5.05 2.80 OTHER COMPREHENSIVE GAIN/LOSS (329.620) - - - - Earnings per share from continued assets (109.864) (109.864) - - - Gain/(losses), Net (109.864)	Income from investing activities	24	151.346	84.558	191.669	148.322
Financial income	Expense from investing activities	24	(47.120)	(27.625)	-	4.013
Financial expense (-) 23 (996.153) (503.371) (600.305) (301.826) PROFIT BEFORE TAX FROM CONTINUED OPERATIONS 5.082.018 3.343.860 3.780.033 2.152.460 - Current tax expense 25 (822.149) (470.262) (758.865) (445.968) - Deferred tax income 25 (73.794) (34.756) 6.484 (23.051) PROFIT FROM CONTINUED OPERATIONS 4.186.075 2.838.842 3.027.652 1.683.441 NET INCOME FOR THE PERIOD 4.186.075 2.838.842 3.027.652 1.683.441 Profit for the period attributable to Equity holders of the parent 4.199.297 2.845.179 3.017.698 1.676.094 Non-controlling interest 27 (13.222) (6.337) 9.954 7.347 Earnings per share 27 (13.222) (6.337) 9.954 7.347 Earnings per share from continued operations (Full TRY) 26 7.03 4.76 5.05 2.80 OTHER COMPREHENSIVE GAIN/LOSS (329.620) -	OPERATING PROFIT BEFORE FINANCIAL EXPENSES		5.936.445	3.724.967	4.261.544	2.419.473
PROFIT BEFORE TAX FROM CONTINUED OPERATIONS 5.082.018 3.343.860 3.780.033 2.152.460	Financial income	22	141.726	122.264	118.794	34.813
Current tax expense 25 (822.149) (470.262) (758.865) (445.968)	Financial expense (-)	23	(996.153)	(503.371)	(600.305)	(301.826)
Current tax expense 25 (822.149) (470.262) (758.865) (445.968)	PROFIT BEFORE TAX FROM CONTINUED OPERATIONS		5.082.018	3.343.860	3.780.033	2.152.460
Deferred tax income 25		25		(470.262)	(758.865)	(445.968)
NET INCOME FOR THE PERIOD 4.186.075 2.838.842 3.027.652 1.683.441 NET INCOME FOR THE PERIOD 4.186.075 2.838.842 3.027.652 1.683.441 Profit for the period attributable to Equity holders of the parent 4.199.297 2.845.179 3.017.698 1.676.094 Non-controlling interest 27 (13.222) (6.337) 9.954 7.347 Earnings per share 27 (13.222) (6.337) 9.954 7.347 Earnings per share from continued operations (Full TRY) 26 7,03 4,76 5,05 2,80 OTHER COMPREHENSIVE GAIN/LOSS (502.484) (109.864) -	- Deferred tax income	25			6.484	(23.051)
NET INCOME FOR THE PERIOD	PROFIT FROM CONTINUED OPERATIONS		4.186.075	2.838.842	3.027.652	1.683.441
Equity holders of the parent 4.199.297 2.845.179 3.017.698 1.676.094 Non-controlling interest 27 (13.222) (6.337) 9.954 7.347 Earnings per share Earnings per share from continued operations (Full TRY) 26 7,03 4,76 5,05 2,80 OTHER COMPREHENSIVE GAIN/LOSS Items not to be reclassified to profit/(loss) (502.484) (109.864) -			4.186.075	2.838.842	3.027.652	1.683.441
Equity holders of the parent 4.199.297 2.845.179 3.017.698 1.676.094 Non-controlling interest 27 (13.222) (6.337) 9.954 7.347 Earnings per share Earnings per share from continued operations (Full TRY) 26 7,03 4,76 5,05 2,80 OTHER COMPREHENSIVE GAIN/LOSS Items not to be reclassified to profit/(loss) (502.484) (109.864) -	Profit for the period attributable to					
Non-controlling interest 27 (13.222) (6.337) 9.954 7.347 Earnings per share Earnings per share from continued operations (Full TRY) 26 7,03 4,76 5,05 2,80 OTHER COMPREHENSIVE GAIN/LOSS Items not to be reclassified to profit/(loss) (502.484) (109.864) - - Defined Benefit Pension Plan Revaluation (Loss),Net (329.620) - - - Revaluation of Available for Sale Financial Assets (329.620) - - - Gain/(losses), Net (109.864) (109.864) - - - Gain/(losses) on revaluation of Property, Plant and Equipment After Tax (109.864) (109.864) 87.307 56.189 Currency translation difference 181.344 105.175 87.307 56.189 Other Comprehensive Income (321.140) (4.689) 87.307 56.189 Total comprehensive income 3.864.935 2.834.153 3.114.959 1.739.630 Total comprehensive income 27 70.306 67.466 37.772			4.199.297	2.845.179	3.017.698	1.676.094
Earnings per share Earnings per share from continued operations (Full TRY) 26 7,03 4,76 5,05 2,80 OTHER COMPREHENSIVE GAIN/LOSS Items not to be reclassified to profit/(loss) (502.484) (109.864) - - Defined Benefit Pension Plan Revaluation (Loss),Net (329.620) - - - Revaluation of Available for Sale Financial Assets (329.620) - - - Gain/(losses), Net - - - - - Gain/(losses) on revaluation of Property, Plant and Equipment After Tax (109.864) (109.864) 87.307 56.189 Items to be reclassified to profit /(loss): 181.344 105.175 87.307 56.189 Other Comprehensive Income (321.140) (4.689) 87.307 56.189 Total comprehensive income 3.864.935 2.834.153 3.114.959 1.739.630 Total comprehensive income attributable to Non-controlling interest 27 70.306 67.466 37.772 24.084		27	(13.222)	(6.337)	9.954	7.347
Earnings per share from continued operations (Full TRY) 26 7,03 4,76 5,05 2,80 OTHER COMPREHENSIVE GAIN/LOSS Items not to be reclassified to profit/(loss) (502.484) (109.864) - - Defined Benefit Pension Plan Revaluation (Loss),Net (329.620) - - - Revaluation of Available for Sale Financial Assets - - - - Gain/(losses), Net - - - - - Gain/(losses) on revaluation of Property, Plant and Equipment After Tax (109.864) (109.864) 87.307 56.189 Items to be reclassified to profit /(loss): 181.344 105.175 87.307 56.189 Currency translation difference 181.344 105.175 87.307 56.189 Other Comprehensive Income (321.140) (4.689) 87.307 56.189 Total comprehensive income 3.864.935 2.834.153 3.114.959 1.739.630 Total comprehensive income attributable to 27 70.306 67.466 37.772 24.084			(')	(,		
Items not to be reclassified to profit/(loss) (502.484) (109.864) - - Defined Benefit Pension Plan Revaluation (Loss), Net (329.620) - - - Revaluation of Available for Sale Financial Assets - - - - - Gain/(losses), Net - - - - - - Gain/(losses) on revaluation of Property, Plant and Equipment After Tax (109.864) (109.864) (109.864) 87.307 56.189 Currency translation difference 181.344 105.175 87.307 56.189 Other Comprehensive Income (321.140) (4.689) 87.307 56.189 Total comprehensive income 3.864.935 2.834.153 3.114.959 1.739.630 Total comprehensive income attributable to 27 70.306 67.466 37.772 24.084	Earnings per share from continued operations (Full TRY)	26	7,03	4,76	5,05	2,80
Defined Benefit Pension Plan Revaluation (Loss), Net (329.620) - - Revaluation of Available for Sale Financial Assets - - - - Gain/(losses), Net - - - - - Gain/(losses) on revaluation of Property, Plant and Equipment After Tax (109.864) (109.864) 87.307 56.189 Items to be reclassified to profit /(loss): 181.344 105.175 87.307 56.189 Currency translation difference 181.344 105.175 87.307 56.189 Other Comprehensive Income (321.140) (4.689) 87.307 56.189 Total comprehensive income 3.864.935 2.834.153 3.114.959 1.739.630 Total comprehensive income attributable to Non-controlling interest 27 70.306 67.466 37.772 24.084			(502,484)	(109.864)	_	_
Revaluation of Available for Sale Financial Assets Gain/(losses), Net - - - - Gain/(losses) on revaluation of Property, Plant and Equipment After Tax (109.864) (109.864) - Items to be reclassified to profit /(loss): 181.344 105.175 87.307 56.189 Currency translation difference 181.344 105.175 87.307 56.189 Other Comprehensive Income (321.140) (4.689) 87.307 56.189 Total comprehensive income 3.864.935 2.834.153 3.114.959 1.739.630 Total comprehensive income attributable to Non-controlling interest 27 70.306 67.466 37.772 24.084			` ,	-		_
Gain/(losses) on revaluation of Property, Plant and Equipment After Tax (109.864) (109.864) Items to be reclassified to profit /(loss): 181.344 105.175 87.307 56.189 Currency translation difference 181.344 105.175 87.307 56.189 Other Comprehensive Income (321.140) (4.689) 87.307 56.189 Total comprehensive income 3.864.935 2.834.153 3.114.959 1.739.630 Total comprehensive income attributable to Non-controlling interest 27 70.306 67.466 37.772 24.084			(/			
Items to be reclassified to profit /(loss): 181.344 105.175 87.307 56.189 Currency translation difference 181.344 105.175 87.307 56.189 Other Comprehensive Income (321.140) (4.689) 87.307 56.189 Total comprehensive income 3.864.935 2.834.153 3.114.959 1.739.630 Total comprehensive income attributable to 27 70.306 67.466 37.772 24.084	Gain/(losses), Net		-	-	-	-
Items to be reclassified to profit /(loss): 181.344 105.175 87.307 56.189 Currency translation difference 181.344 105.175 87.307 56.189 Other Comprehensive Income (321.140) (4.689) 87.307 56.189 Total comprehensive income 3.864.935 2.834.153 3.114.959 1.739.630 Total comprehensive income attributable to 27 70.306 67.466 37.772 24.084			(109.864)	(109.864)		
Other Comprehensive Income (321.140) (4.689) 87.307 56.189 Total comprehensive income 3.864.935 2.834.153 3.114.959 1.739.630 Total comprehensive income attributable to 27 70.306 67.466 37.772 24.084			181.344	105.175	87.307	56.189
Total comprehensive income 3.864.935 2.834.153 3.114.959 1.739.630 Total comprehensive income attributable to 27 70.306 67.466 37.772 24.084	Currency translation difference		181.344	105 .175	87.307	56.189
Total comprehensive income attributable to Non-controlling interest 27 70.306 67.466 37.772 24.084	Other Comprehensive Income		(321.140)	(4.689)	87.307	56.189
Non-controlling interest 27 70.306 67.466 37.772 24.084	Total comprehensive income		3.864.935	2.834.153	3.114.959	1.739.630
Non-controlling interest 27 70.306 67.466 37.772 24.084	Total comprehensive income attributable to					
Equity holders of the parent 3.794.629 2.766.687 3.077.187 1.715.546	Non-controlling interest	27	70.306	67.466	37.772	24.084
	Equity holders of the parent		3.794.629	2.766.687	3.077.187	1.715.546

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated and all other currencies are expressed in full amounts unless otherwise stated.)

							Revie	ewed		_		
				Other comprehensive income not to be reclassified to profit or loss Other comprehensive income to be reclassified to profit or loss Retained earnings								
	Paid-in share capital	Treasury shares	Restricted reserves	Fair value changes in available- for-sale financial assets	Property, plant and equipment revaluation fund	Actuarial loss on defined benefit plans	Foreign currency translation differences	Retained earnings	Net income for the period	Equities of the Parent	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
Balance at January 1, 2022	607.200	(565.177)	1.442.567	779.061	1.958.767	(251.399)	304.985	397.129	2.932.482	7.605.615	203.457	7.809.072
Transfers			179.124	-	-	-	-	2.753.358	(2.932.482)	-	-	-
ncrease/decrease due to acquisition												
f treasury shares	-	(72.306)	72.306	-	-	-	-	(72.306)	-	(72.306)	(20.075)	(72.306)
Dividend paid (Note 17) Jet income for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1.807.563)	3.017.698	(1.807.563) 3.017.698	(38.875) 9.954	(1.846.438)
Other Comprehensive income	-	-	_		-	-	59.489	_	3.017.096	59.489	27.818	87.307
Total comprehensive income	_	_	_	_	-	-	59.489	_	3.017.698	3.077.187	37.772	3.114.959
Balance at June 30, 2022	607.200	(637.483)	1.693.997	779.061	1.958.767	(251.399)	364.474	1.270.618	3.017.698	8.802.933	202.354	9.005.287
Balance at January 1, 2023	607.200	(637.483)	1.698.046	1.850.257	12.566.677	(702.480)	377.190	1.284.655	8.156.913	25.200.975	208.428	25.409.403
Transfers	-	-	300.565	-	-	-	-	7.856.348	(8.156.913)	-	-	-
ncrease/decrease due to acquisition f treasury shares ncrease /decrease due to other	-	(110.206)	110.206	-	-	-	-	(110.206)	-	(110.206)	-	(110.206)
changes	_	-	_	_	-	_	-	59.879	_	59.879	_	59.879
Dividend paid (Note 17)								(3.015.600)		(3.015.600)	(57.190)	(3.072.790)
Net income for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(3.013.000)	4.199.297	4.199.297	(13.222)	4.186.075
Other comprehensive income		-	-	_	(109.864)	(392.620)	97.816	-	-	(404.668)	83.528	(321.140)
Total comprehensive income		-	-		(109.864)	(392.620)	97.816		4.199.297	3.794.629	70.306	3.864.935

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated and all other currencies are expressed in full amounts unless otherwise stated.)

		Reviewed	Reviewed
	NI-4	January 1-	January 1-
	Notes	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022
A. CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		8.882.745	3.181.603
Profit for the period		4.186.075	3.027.652
Adjustments to reconcile profit for the period		5.119.500	2.749.224
Depreciation and amortization	10,11,12	2.001.122	1.155.669
Provisions for impairments		374.704	20.358
- Provisions for impairments of inventories	9	315.261	19.076
- Allowance for doubtful receivables	8	(34)	1.282
- Adjustments Regarding Impairment (Cancellation) of Tangible Fixed Assets	10	59.477	-
Adjustments related to provisions		425.513	183.724
- Adjustments related to provision for employment termination benefits	13,15	384.528	157.158
- Adjustments related to the legal provisions	13	25.753	17.475
- Adjustments related to other provisions	13	15.232	9.091
Adjustments related to financial income and expense		1.614.164	791.406
- Adjustments related to financial expenses	23	816.044	487.863
- Adjustments related to deferred financial expense from future purchases.	29	798.120	303.543
Other adjustments related cash flows arising from investing and financing activities	24	(151.346)	(187.879)
Adjustments for tax expense	25	895.943	752.381
Gain/(loss) on sale of property and equipment	24	47.120	(3.790)
Adjustments related to unrealized currency translation differences		(187.889)	(25.836)
Adjustments related to gain/(loss)		100.169	63.191
Changes in net working capital		768.472	(902.618)
Increases/decreases in inventories		(4.470.735)	(6.367.260)
Increases/decreases in trade receivables		(2.784.214)	(2.346.023)
Increases/decreases in other assets		(447.938)	(47.322)
Increases/decreases in trade payables		8.891.356	8.132.147
Increases/decreases in other payables		(120)	408
Increases/decreases other net working capital		(419.877)	(274.568)
Net cash generated from operating activities		10.074.047	4.874.258
Income taxes paid	25	(656.181)	(918.013)
Employee benefits paid	15	(535.121)	(56.045)
Other cash inflow/outlow	13	` -	(718.597)
B. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(4.040.286)	(989.811)
Proceeds from sale of tangible and intangible assets		28.292	13.262
Cash outflows from purchases of tangible and intangible assets	10,11	(3.350.041)	(1.701.292)
- Purchases of tangible assets		(3.330.503)	(1.694.707)
- Purchases of intangible assets		(19.538)	(6.585)
Cash inflow from Participation (profit) share and cash inflows from other financial			
instruments		-	931.005
Cash outflow from Participation (profit) share and cash inflows from other financial			
instruments		(404.868)	-
Cash advances given and liabilities		(313.669)	(232.786)
C. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(2.976.008)	(1.997.192)
Cash inflows (outflows) from financial liabilities	6	-	53.404
Cash outflows from payments of rent agreements	6	(1.614.612)	(1.042.652)
Dividend paid	17	(1.251.190)	(935.638)
Cash inflows/(outflows) related to the company's own shares and receivables based on		440.00	
other equity instruments	17	(110.206)	(72.306)
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS BEFORE		1 966 451	104 600
CURRENCY TRANSLATION DIFFERENCES (A+B+C)		1.866.451	194.600
D. EFFECTS OF CURRENCY TRANSLATION DIFFERENCES ON CASH AND			
CASH EQUIVALENTS		(60.514)	(35.607)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (A.D.C.D.)		1 005 025	150 002
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (A+B+C+D) E. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING		1.805.937	158.993
OF THE PERIOD	4	2.175.367	1.496.863
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE	тт	2.17.0.007	1.170.003
PERIOD(A+B+C+D+E)	4	3.981.304	1.655.856
· /			

BİM Birleşik Mağazalar A.Ş.

Notes To The Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As At and For The Period Ended June 30, 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated and all other currencies are expressed in full amounts unless otherwise stated.)

1. Organization and nature of operations of the Group

BİM Birleşik Mağazalar Anonim Şirketi ("BİM" or "the Company") was established on 31 May 1995 and commenced its operations in September 1995. The registered address of the Group is Ebubekir Cad. No: 73 Sancaktepe, İstanbul.

The Company is engaged in operating retail stores through its retail shops throughout Turkey, which sell an assortment of approximately 900 items, including a number of private labels. The Company is publicly traded in Istanbul Stock Exchange (ISE) since July 2005.

The Company established a new company named BIM Stores S.A. on 19 May 2008 with 100% ownership in Morocco which is engaged in hard discount retail sector and started to operate on 11 July 2009. As of May 4, 2021, the shares of BIM Stores S.A. representing 35% of its capital were sold to Blue Investment Holding. Full control of BIM continues and the relevant minority share amounts are stated in the financial statements and footnote 27. BIM Stores S.A. financial statements are consolidated by using the full consolidation method as of June 30, 2023.

The Company established a new company named BIM Stores LLC on 24 July 2012 with 100% ownership in Egypt which is engaged in hard discount retail sector and first stores of BIM Stores LLC has been opened in April 2013. BIM Stores LLC financial statements are consolidated by using the full consolidation method as of June 30, 2023.

GDP Gida Paketleme ve Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("GDP Gida"), which is a 100% subsidiary to provide the supply and packaging of various foodstuffs, especially rice and pulses became a legal entity and started its activities with the completion of the registration procedures in 2017. GDP Gida financial statements are consolidated by using the full consolidation method as of June 30, 2023.

Dost Global Danışmanlık A.Ş. ("Dost Global"), which is a 100% subsidiary to reach a more efficient organizational structure within the scope of the foreign investments of the Company was established 8 January 2020. Dost Global financial statements are consolidated by using the full consolidation method as of June 30, 2023.

Es Global Gıda Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş, which is a 100% subsidiary to produce especially some of biscuits and confectionery products sold in the stores of the Company was established on 27 September 2021. Es Global Gıda Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. financial statements are consolidated by using the full consolidation method as of June 30, 2023.

In order to improve the sustainability of the Company's supply in the fresh fruit and vegetable category, the acquisition of Bircan Fide Tohum Tarım Nakliyecilik Sanayi ve Ticaret Anonim Şirketi, which is a 100% subsidiary, was realized as of 14 October 2021. The financial results of Bircan Fide Tohum Tarım Nakliyecilik Sanayi ve Ticaret Anonim Şirketi are consolidated in accordance with the full consolidation method in the financial statements dated June 30, 2023.

Ideal Standard Mümessillik San. ve Tic. Inc. ("Ideal Standart") took over all the shares of its subsidiary on 30 January 2012. Since the financial results of the company do not have a significant effect on the consolidated financial results of the Group, they were not included in the scope of consolidation until 1 January 2022, as a result of the decision taken by the Group management, and were classified as financial investments in the consolidated financial statements. Ideal Standard's financial results are consolidated in the interim financial statements dated of June 30, 2023, according to the full consolidation method.

Hereinafter, the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries together will be referred to as "the Group".

Approval of financial statements:

Shareholder structure of the Group is stated in Note 17. Board of Directors has approved the financial statements and delegated authority for publishing it on August 17, 2023. Although there is no such intention, the General Assembly and certain regulatory bodies have the power to amend the financial statements after issues.

BİM Birleşik Mağazalar A.Ş.

Notes To The Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As At and For The Period Ended June 30, 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated and all other currencies are expressed in full amounts unless otherwise stated.)

1. Organization and nature of operations of the Group (Cont'd)

For the periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, the year-end number of employees in accordance with their categories is shown below:

	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022
Office personnel	4.156	3.841
Warehouse personnel	7.217	6.720
Store personnel	71.166	66.325
Total	82.539	76.886

As of June 30, 2023, the Group operates in 11.818 stores (December 31, 2022: 11.510)

2. Basis of preparation of financial statements

2.1 Basis of presentation

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the Turkish Financial Reporting Standards, ("TFRS") and interpretations as adopted in line with international standards by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority of Turkey ("POA") in line with the communiqué numbered II-14.1 "Communiqué on the Principles of Financial Reporting In Capital Markets" ("the Communiqué") announced by the Capital Markets Board of Turkey ("CMB") on June 13, 2013 which is published on Official Gazette numbered 28676. TFRS are updated in harmony with the changes and updates in International Financial and Accounting Standards ("IFRS") by the communiqués announced by the POA.

The Group and its Turkish subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures maintain their books of accounts and prepare their statutory financial statements in accordance with the Turkish Commercial Code ("TCC"), tax legislation, the Uniform Chart of Accounts issued by the Ministry of Finance and principles issued by CMB. The foreign subsidiaries maintain their books of account in accordance with the laws and regulations in force in the countries in which they are registered. The consolidated financial statements are based on the statutory records, which are maintained under historical cost conventions, with the required adjustments and reclassifications reflected for the purpose of fair presentation in accordance with TAS.

According to TAS 29 Financial Reporting Standard in Hyperinflationary Economies, enterprises whose functional currency is the currency of a hyperinflationary economy report their financial statements according to the purchasing power of money at the end of the reporting period. TAS 29 identifies features that may indicate an economy is a hyperinflationary economy, and it is recommended that businesses start implementing the Standard at the same time. In the statement made by the Public Oversight Accounting and Standards Authority (POA) on January 20, 2022, it was stated that businesses do not need to make any adjustments to their 2021 financial statements within the scope of TAS 29. On the other hand, no explanation has been made on whether or not to make adjustments to the financial statements within the scope of TAS 29 in the financial statements for the interim accounting period ending on June 30, 2023. In this context, since there is no consensus on the implementation of inflation accounting throughout the country and the POA is expected to postpone the application of TAS 29, no inflation adjustment was made according to TAS 29 while preparing the consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2023, in order to ensure comparability.

Consolidated financial statements have been presented in accordance with the formats specified in the "Announcement on TMS Taxonomy" published by POA on April 15, 2019, and "Financial Statement Examples and User Guide".

BİM Birleşik Mağazalar A.Ş.

Notes To The Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As At and For The Period Ended June 30, 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated and all other currencies are expressed in full amounts unless otherwise stated.)

2. Basis of preparation of financial statements (Cont'd)

Going concern assumption

The consolidated financial statements including the accounts of the Group have been prepared assuming that the Group will continue as a going concern on the basis that the entity will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

2.2 The new standards, amendments and interpretations

The accounting policies adopted in preparation of the consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2023 are consistent with those of the previous financial year, except for the adoption of new and amended TFRS and TFRS interpretations effective as of January 1, 2023 and thereafter. The effects of these standards and interpretations on the Group's financial position and performance have been disclosed in the related paragraphs.

i) The new standards, amendments and interpretations which are effective as at January 1, 2023 are as follows:

Amendments to TAS 8 – Definition of Accounting Estimates

In August 2021, POA issued amendments to TAS 8, in which it introduces a new definition of "accounting estimates". The amendments clarify the distinction between changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies and the correction of errors. Also, the amended standard clarifies that the effects on an accounting estimate of a change in an input or a change in a measurement technique are changes in accounting estimates if they do not result from the correction of prior period errors. The previous definition of a change in accounting estimate specified that changes in accounting estimates may result from new information or new developments. Therefore, such changes are not corrections of errors. This aspect of the definition was retained by the POA. The amendments apply to changes in accounting policies and changes in accounting estimates that occur on or after the start of the effective date.

The amendments are not expected to have a significant impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

Amendments to TAS 1 - Disclosure of Accounting Policies

In August 2021, POA issued amendments to TAS 1, in which it provides guidance and examples to help entities apply materiality judgements to accounting policy disclosures. In the absence of a definition of the term 'significant' in TFRS, the POA decided to replace it with 'material' in the context of disclosing accounting policy information. 'Material' is a defined term in TFRS and is widely understood by the users of financial statements, according to the POA. In assessing the materiality of accounting policy information, entities need to consider both the size of the transactions, other events or conditions and the nature of them. Examples of circumstances in which an entity is likely to consider accounting policy information to be material have been added.

The amendments are not expected to have a significant impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

BİM Birleşik Mağazalar A.Ş.

Notes To The Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As At and For The Period Ended June 30, 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated and all other currencies are expressed in full amounts unless otherwise stated.)

2. Basis of preparation of financial statements

2.2 The new standards, amendments and interpretations (Cont'd)

Amendments to TAS 12 - Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction

In August 2021, the POA issued amendments to TAS 12, which narrow the scope of the initial recognition exception under TAS 12, so that it no longer applies to transactions that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences. The amendments issued to TAS 12 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023. The amendments clarify that where payments that settle a liability are deductible for tax purposes, it is a matter of judgement (having considered the applicable tax law) whether such deductions are attributable for tax purposes to the liability recognized in the financial statements (and interest expense) or to the related asset component (and interest expense). This judgement is important in determining whether any temporary differences exist on initial recognition of the asset and liability. The amendments apply to transactions that occur on or after the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented. In addition, at the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented, a deferred tax asset (provided that sufficient taxable profit is available) and a deferred tax liability for all deductible and taxable temporary differences associated with leases and decommissioning obligations should be recognized.

The amendments are not expected to have a significant impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

ii) Standards issued but not yet effective and not early adopted

Standards, interpretations and amendments to existing standards that are issued but not yet effective up to the date of issuance of the consolidated financial statements are as follows. The Group will make the necessary changes if not indicated otherwise, which will be affecting the consolidated financial statements and disclosures, when the new standards and interpretations become effective.

Amendments to IFRS 10 and TAS 28: Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture

POA has indefinitely postponed the validity date of the amendments made in IFRS 10 and TAS 28 in December 2017, to be changed depending on the ongoing research project outputs related to the equity method. However, it still allows for early application.

The Group will wait until the final amendment to assess the impacts of the changes.

IFRS 17 - The new Standard for insurance contracts

POA issued TFRS 17 in February 2019, a comprehensive new accounting standard for insurance contracts covering recognition and measurement, presentation and disclosure. TFRS 17 model combines a current balance sheet measurement of insurance contract liabilities with the recognition of profit over the period that services are provided. Certain changes in the estimates of future cash flows and the risk adjustment are also recognised over the period that services are provided. Entities will have an option to present the effect of changes in discount rates either in profit and loss or in OCI. The standard includes specific guidance on measurement and presentation for insurance contracts with participation features. In accordance with amendments issued by POA in December 2021, entities have transition option for a "classification overlay" to avoid possible accounting mismatches between financial assets and insurance contract liabilities in the comparative information presented on initial application of TFRS 17.

BİM Birleşik Mağazalar A.Ş.

Notes To The Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As At and For The Period Ended June 30, 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated and all other currencies are expressed in full amounts unless otherwise stated.)

2. Basis of preparation of financial statements

2.2 The new standards, amendments and interpretations (Cont'd)

The mandatory effective date of the Standard for the following entities has been postponed to accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024 with the announcement made by the POA:

- Insurance, reinsurance and pension companies.
- Banks that have ownership/investments in insurance, reinsurance and pension companies and
- Other entities that have ownership/investments in insurance, reinsurance and pension companies.

2.2 The new standards, amendments and interpretations (Cont'd)

The amendments are not expected to have a significant impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

Amendments to TAS 1- Classification of Liabilities as Current and Non-Current Liabilities

In January 2020 and January 2023, POA issued amendments to TAS 1 to specify the requirements for classifying liabilities as current or non-current. According to the amendments made in January 2023 if an entity's right to defer settlement of a liability is subject to the entity complying with the required covenants at a date subsequent to the reporting period ("future covenants"), the entity has a right to defer settlement of the liability even if it does not comply with those covenants at the end of the reporting period. In addition, January 2023 amendments require an entity to provide disclosure when a liability arising from a loan agreement is classified as non-current and the entity's right to defer settlement is contingent on compliance with future covenants within twelve months. This disclosure must include information about the covenants and the related liabilities. The amendments clarified that the classification of a liability is unaffected by the likelihood that the entity will exercise its right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. The amendments are effective for periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024. The amendments must be applied retrospectively in accordance with TAS 8. Early application is permitted. However, an entity that applies the 2020 amendments early is also required to apply the 2023 amendments, and vice versa.

The amendments are not expected to have a significant impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

Amendments to IFRS 16 - Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback

In January 2023, the Board issued amendments to IFRS 16. The amendments specify the requirements that a seller-lessee uses in measuring the lease liability arising in a sale and leaseback transaction, to ensure the seller-lessee does not recognize any amount of the gain or loss that relates to the right of use it retains. In applying requirements of IFRS 16 under "Subsequent measurement of the lease liability" heading after the commencement date in a sale and leaseback transaction, the seller lessee determines 'lease payments' or 'revised lease payments' in such a way that the seller-lessee would not recognise any amount of the gain or loss that relates to the right of use retained by the seller-lessee. The amendments do not prescribe specific measurement requirements for lease liabilities arising from a leaseback. The initial measurement of the lease liability arising from a leaseback may result in a seller-lessee determining 'lease payments' that are different from the general definition of lease payments in IFRS 16. The seller-lessee will need to develop and apply an accounting policy that results in information that is relevant and reliable in accordance with IAS 8. A seller-lessee applies the amendments to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024. Earlier application is permitted. A seller-lessee applies the amendments retrospectively in accordance with IAS 8 to sale and leaseback transactions entered into after the date of initial application of IFRS 16.

BİM Birleşik Mağazalar A.Ş.

Notes To The Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As At and For The Period Ended June 30, 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated and all other currencies are expressed in full amounts unless otherwise stated.)

2. Basis of preparation of financial statements

2.2 The new standards, amendments and interpretations (Cont'd)

The amendments are not expected to have a significant impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

iii) Changes published by International Accounting Standards Institution (IAS) but not published by KGK

The following amendments to IAS 12 and IAS 7 and IFRS 7 have been published by the IASB but have not yet been adapted/published to TFRS by the KGK. Therefore, they do not form part of TFRS. The Group will make the necessary changes in its consolidated financial statements and footnotes after these changes become effective in TFRS.

IAS 12 Amendments - International Tax Reform - Second Step Model Rules

In May 2023, the Board issued amendments to IAS 12, which introduce a mandatory exception in IAS 12 from recognizing and disclosing deferred tax assets and liabilities related to Pillar Two income taxes. The amendments clarify that IAS 12 applies to income taxes arising from tax laws enacted or substantively enacted to implement the Pillar Two Model Rules published by the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD). The amendments also introduced targeted disclosure requirements for entities affected by the tax laws. The temporary exception from recognition and disclosure of information about deferred taxes and the requirement to disclose the application of the exception apply immediately and retrospectively upon issue of the amendments. However, certain disclosure requirements are effective in the annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023.

The amendments are not expected to have a significant impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

IAS 7 and IFRS 7 Amendments - Disclosures: Supplier Financing Agreements

The amendments issued in May 2023 specify disclosure requirements to enhance the current requirements, which are intended to assist users of financial statements in understanding the effects of supplier finance arrangements on an entity's liabilities, cash flows and exposure to liquidity risk. Supplier finance arrangements are characterized by one or more finance providers offering to pay amounts an entity owes its suppliers and the entity agreeing to pay according to the terms and conditions of the arrangements at the same date as, or a date later than, suppliers are paid. The amendments require an entity to provide information about terms and conditions of those arrangements, quantitative information on liabilities related to those arrangements as at the beginning and end of the reporting period and the type and effect of non-cash changes in the carrying amounts of those liabilities. In the context of quantitative liquidity risk disclosures required by IFRS 7, supplier finance arrangements are also included as an example of other factors that might be relevant to disclose. The amendments will be effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024. Early adoption is permitted but will need to be disclosed.

The amendments are not expected to have a significant impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

BİM Birleşik Mağazalar A.Ş.

Notes To The Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As At and For The Period Ended June 30, 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated and all other currencies are expressed in full amounts unless otherwise stated.)

2. Basis of preparation of financial statements

2.3. Statement of compliance to TAS

The Group prepared its consolidated financial statements for the period ended June 30, 2023 in accordance with the framework of the Communiqué Serial: II and numbered 14.1 and its related announcements. The consolidated financial statements and its accompanying notes are presented in compliance with the format recommended by CMB, including the mandatory disclosures.

2.4. Presentation and functional currency

The individual financial statements of each group entity are presented in the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (its functional currency). For the purpose of the consolidated financial statements, the results and financial position of each entity consolidated are expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY"), which is the functional of the Company and the presentation currency of the Group. The functional currency of the Company's subsidiary, BIM Stores S.A., is Moroccan Dirham ("MAD").

In the consolidated financial statements, MAD amounts presented in the balance sheet for assets and liabilities are translated into Turkish Lira at the TRY which is the functional and reporting currency of the Company, 1 TRY = 0.3842 MAD and 1 TRY = 0.3835 exchange rates respectively and in the conversion of the income statement, the average exchange rate occurred during the period, 1 TRY = 0.5142 MAD rate is taken as the basis. Differences that occur by the usage of closing and average exchange rates are followed under currency translation differences classified under equity.

The functional currency of the Company's other subsidiary, BIM Stores LLC is Egyptian Pound ("EGP"). In the consolidated financial statements, EGP amounts presented in the balance sheet for assets and liabilities are translated into Turkish Lira at the TRY which is the functional and reporting currency of the Company, 1 TRY = 1,1944 EGP and 1 TRY = 1,1959 EGP exchange rates respectively and in the conversion of the income statement, the average exchange rate occurred during the period, 1 TRY = 1,5425 EGP rate is taken as the basis. Differences that occur by the usage of closing and average exchange rates are followed under currency translation differences classified under equity.

2.5 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries prepared for the period ended June 30, 2023. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee.

Specifically, the Group controls an investee if, and only if, the Group has:

- Power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee)
- Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee
- The ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns

Generally, there is a presumption that a majority of voting rights results in control. To support this presumption and when the Group has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- The contractual arrangement(s) with the other vote holders of the investee
- Rights arising from other contractual arrangements
- The Group's voting rights and potential voting rights

BİM Birleşik Mağazalar A.Ş.

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(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated and all other currencies are expressed in full amounts unless otherwise stated.)

2. Basis of preparation of financial statements

2.5 Basis of consolidation (Cont'd)

The Group re-assesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control. Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Assets, liabilities, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date the Group gains control until the date the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive incomes are attributed to the equity holders of the parent of the Group and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with the Group's accounting policies. All intercompany assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction. If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognizes the related assets (including goodwill), liabilities, non-controlling interest and other components of equity, while any resultant gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss. Any investment retained is recognized at fair value.

i) Subsidiaries:

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are presented in the consolidated financial statements from the date the control power is established to the date it terminates.

ii) Non-controlling interest:

For each business combination, the Group elects to measure any non-controlling interests in the acquiree either:

- at fair value; or
- at their proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets, which are generally at fair value.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the equity holders of the parent of the Group and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

iii) Partial share purchase and sale transactions with non-controlling interests

Changes in the Group's interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. Accordingly, in the case of additional share purchases from and sales to non-controlling interests, the difference between the acquisition cost and the carrying amount of the net assets of the subsidiary in proportion to the acquired interest is recognized in equity. No adjustments are made to goodwill and no gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss.

BİM Birleşik Mağazalar A.Ş.

Notes To The Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As At and For The Period Ended June 30, 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated and all other currencies are expressed in full amounts unless otherwise stated.)

2. Basis of preparation of financial statements

2.5 Basis of consolidation (Cont'd)

iv) Eliminations:

During the preparation of the carve-out consolidated financial statements, unrealized gains and losses arising from intra-group transactions between entities included in the carve-out consolidated financial statements, intra-group balances and intra-group transactions are eliminated. Gains and losses arising from the transactions between the associate and the parent company and the consolidated subsidiaries of the parent company and jointly controlled entities are offset against the parent company's interest in the associate. Unrealized losses are eliminated in the same manner as unrealized gains, unless there is evidence of impairment.

2.6 Comparatives and restatement of prior periods' financial statements

Intercompany balances and transactions between BİM and its subsidiaries, including unrealized intercompany profits and losses are eliminated. The consolidated financial statements are prepared using uniform accounting policies for similar transactions and other events in similar circumstances.

The financial statements of the Group for the current period are prepared comparatively with the previous period in order to enable the determination of the financial situation and performance trends. Comparative information is reclassified in the current period in order to comply with the presentation of the financial statements.

The Group has classified donations and aid expenses of 30.085 TL, which it presented under General Administrative Expenses, into Other Expenses from Main Operations.

As of 30 June 2022, the effect of the classification is as follows:

	Previously reported	Effect of reclassification	Reclassified
Other Expenses from Main Operations (-)	(23.487)	(30.085)	(53.572)
General and administrative expenses (-)	(866.414)	30.085	(836.329)

The Group has grossed TL 21.771 of mobile operator online TL loading income balance presented in the Other Operating Income account and reclassified TL 136.067 to revenue and TL 114.296 to cost of sales. In addition, mobile operator sales of 30.559 TL were netted with the cost of sales.

As of 30 June 2022, the effect of the classification is as follows:

	Previously reported	Effect of reclassification	Reclassified
Revenues	61.297.145	152.194	61.449.339
Cost of Sales	(50.109.595)	(118.557)	(50.228.152)
Other Income from Main Operations	196.129	(33.637)	162.492

Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

BİM Birleşik Mağazalar A.Ş.

Notes To The Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As At and For The Period Ended June 30, 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated and all other currencies are expressed in full amounts unless otherwise stated.)

2. Basis of preparation of financial statements

2.6 Comparatives and restatement of prior periods' financial statements (Cont'd)

Accounting estimates

The preparation of interim financial statements in accordance with TAS require the Group management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses during the reporting year. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Those estimates are reviewed periodically, and as adjustments become necessary, they are reported in income statement in the periods in which they become known.

Significant estimates used in the preparation of these financial statements and the significant judgments with the most significant effect on amounts recognized in the financial statements are mainly related with accounting of employee termination benefits, provision for inventories, revaluation of land and buildings, assessment of economic useful lives of property, plant and equipment and intangibles, determination of the interest rates used to discount cashflows and the lease period used in the calculation of the right of use of assets and lease liabilities, provision for income taxes.

2.7 Changes in accounting policies

The Group changes accounting policies when it is believed that the change will lead to better presentation of transactions and events in the financial statements. When the intentional change can affect the prior period results, the change is applied retrospectively as though it was already applied before. Accounting policy changes arising from the application of a new standard are applied considering the transition principles of the related standard, if any, retrospectively or forward. If no transition principle for the standard exists, the changes are applied retrospectively.

2.8 Summary of significant accounting policies

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized on accrual basis over the amount obtained or the current value of the amount to be obtained when the delivery is realized, the income can be reliably determined, and the inflow of the economic benefits related with the transaction to the Group is reasonably assured. Revenue is recognized when customers obtain control of the goods. The cycle of control takes place at a certain time of time. Net sales represent the invoiced value of goods less any sales returns. Retail sales are done generally with cash or credit cards and the control is transferred to customers at the same time and revenue is recognized at the time of sale.

Sales of Goods

Revenue from sale of goods is recognized when all the following conditions are satisfied:

- Identification of contracts with customers,
- Definition of performance obligations in contracts,
- Determination of transaction price in contracts,
- Distribution of transaction fee to performance obligations, and
- Revenue recognition.

BİM Birleşik Mağazalar A.Ş.

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(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated and all other currencies are expressed in full amounts unless otherwise stated.)

2. Basis of preparation of financial statements

2.8 Summary of significant accounting policies (Cont'd)

Financial income

Profit shares income from participation banks are recognized in accrual basis.

Dividend income

Dividend income from investments. Dividend payables are recognized in the period that the profit distribution is declared.

Currency protected deposit accounts

Currency-protected deposit accounts are financial assets with cash flows that include principal and interest or dividends, but they also feature a derivative product, as these cash flows may change depending on the change in exchange rates. Therefore, currency protected deposit accounts are treated as hybrid contracts and accounted for as financial assets whose fair value is recognized in profit or loss in line with the provisions of TFRS 9 regarding mixed contracts. Changes in the fair value of currency-protected deposit accounts are accounted for under "Income from Investing Activities" in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, cash in transit and demand deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments which their maturities are three months or less from date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Trade receivables

Trade receivables comprise trade receivables, credit card receivables and other receivables with fixed or determinable payments and are not quoted in an active market; which have an average maturity of 14 days term (December 31, 2022: 13 days) as of balance sheet date are measured at original invoice amount and if they have long term maturity, the imputing interest is netted off and the provision of doubtful receivable is deducted. Trade receivables, net of unearned financial income, are measured at amortized cost, using the effective interest rate method, less the unearned financial income. Short duration receivables with no stated interest rate and credit card receivables are measured at the original invoice.

Estimate is made for the doubtful provision when the collection of the trace receivable is not probable. If the amount of the impairment subsequently decreases due to an event occurring after the write-down, the release of the provision is credited to other operating income.

Group has preferred to apply "simplified approach" defined in IFRS 9 for the recognition of impairment losses on trade receivables, carried at amortized cost and that do not comprise of any significant finance component (those with maturity less than 12 months). In accordance with the simplified approach, Group measures the loss allowances regarding its trade receivables at an amount equal to "lifetime expected credit losses" except incurred credit losses in which trade receivables are already impaired for a specific reason.

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2. Basis of preparation of financial statements

2.8 Summary of significant accounting policies (Cont'd)

Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Costs comprise purchase cost and, where applicable and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. Rebates which generate from sales from ordinary operations are deducted from cost of inventories and associated with cost of sales. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price less estimated costs necessary to realize sale.

Right-of-Use Assets and Lease Liabilities

The Group has applied the TFRS-16 standard as of January 1, 2019.

Group - lessee

The Group's leases are mainly consisting of retail stores and vehicles. At inception of a contract, the Group shall assess whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time, the Group shall assess whether, throughout the period of use, the customer has both of the following:

- The contract includes an identified asset (identification of an asset in a clear or implicitly specified form in the contract),
- A capacity portion of an asset is an identified asset if it is physically distinct and represents substantially all of the capacity of the asset (the asset is not an identified asset if the vendor has a fundamental right to substitute the asset for the duration of its use and obtain an economic benefit from it).
- The Group has the right to obtain almost all of the economic benefits that will be derived from the use of the identified asset,
- The right to direct the use of the identified asset. The Company has the right to direct the use of an identified asset throughout the period of use only if either
 - a) The Group has the right to direct how and for what purpose the asset is used throughout the period of use
 - b) the relevant decisions about how and for what purpose the asset is used are predetermined and.

The Group recognizes right of use asset and lease liability at the start date of lease after evaluation of aforementioned criterias.

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2. Basis of preparation of financial statements

2.8 Summary of significant accounting policies (Cont'd)

Right of use asset

At the commencement date, the Group shall measure the right-of-use asset at cost. The cost of the right-of-use asset shall comprise:

- a) the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability,
- b) any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received
- c) any initial direct costs incurred by the Group
- d) an estimate of costs to be incurred by the Group in dismantling and removing the underlying asset,

To apply a cost model, the Company shall measure the right-of-use asset at cost:

- a) less any accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses and
- b) adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability.

The Group shall apply the depreciation requirements in TAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment in depreciating the right-of-use asset. The average useful lives of right-to-use assets are as follows:

Buildings
10
Vehicles

The Company shall apply TAS 36 Impairment of Assets to determine whether the right-of-use asset is impaired and to account for any impairment loss identified.

Lease Liability

At the commencement date, the Group shall measure the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date. The lease payments shall be discounted using the financing rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the lessee shall use the lessee's incremental borrowing rate.

At the commencement date, the lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following payments for the right to use the underlying asset during the lease term that are not paid at the commencement date:

- a) fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivable
- b) variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date,
- c) payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising an option to terminate the lease.

After the commencement date, the Group shall measure the lease liability by:

- a) increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability,
- b) reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payment made; and
- c) remeasuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modifications, or to reflect revised in substance fixed lease payments.

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2. Basis of preparation of financial statements

2.8 Summary of significant accounting policies (Cont'd)

Extension and early termination options

Lease contracts are made for average 10 annual periods. The lease liability is determined by considering the extension and early termination options in the contracts. Most of the extension and early termination options included in the contracts are composed of the options that are applicable by the Group. The Group determines the lease term by the extension of the lease, if such extension and early termination options are at the Group's discretion and the use of the options is reasonably certain. If there is a significant change in the circumstances, the evaluation is reviewed by the Group.

Practical expedient

The Group applied a single discount rate to a rental portfolio with similar features. Initial direct costs were not included in the measurement of the right to use at the date of initial application. If the contract includes options to extend and terminate the contract, the lease term is determined and the management's evaluations are used.

Property, plant and equipment

All property and equipment is initially recorded at cost. Land and building are subsequently measured at revalued amounts which are the fair value at the date of the revaluation, based on valuations by external independent valuers, less subsequent depreciation for building. Group revaluates the amounts of their lands and buildings every 3 years unless there is a change in the circumstances. All other property and equipment is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss. When assets are sold or retired, their cost and accumulated depreciation are eliminated from the related accounts and any gain or loss resulting from their disposal is included in the statement of income. On disposal of revalued assets, amounts in revaluation reserves relating to that asset are transferred to retained earnings.

The initial cost of property and equipment comprises its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset ready for use. Expenditures incurred after the fixed assets have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, are normally charged to income in the year the costs are incurred. If the asset recognition criteria are met, the expenditures are capitalized as an additional cost of property and equipment.

Increases in the carrying amount arising on revaluation of property are initially credited to revaluation reserve in shareholders' equity net of the related deferred tax. Decreases that offset previous increases of the same asset are charged in other comprehensive income and debited against property and equipment revaluation reserve directly in equity; all other decreases are charged to the income statement.

Depreciation is provided on cost or revalued amount of property and equipment except for land and construction in progress on a straight-line basis. The depreciation periods for property and equipment, which approximate the estimated economic useful lives of such assets, are as follows:

Duration (Years)

Land improvements	5
Buildings	25
Leasehold improvements	10
Machinery and equipment	4 - 10
Vehicles	5 - 10
Furniture and fixtures	5 - 10

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2. Basis of preparation of financial statements

2.8 Summary of significant accounting policies (Cont'd)

Property, plant and equipment (Cont'd)

The economic useful life, the present value and the depreciation method are regularly reviewed for possible effects of changes in estimates, the method used, and the period of depreciation are closely aligned with the economic benefits to be gained from the related asset and are recognized on a prospective basis.

When a revaluated asset is sold, revaluation reserve account is transferred to retained earnings.

Leasehold improvement

The economic useful life for special costs is in line with the average duration of the lease contracts which is 10 years.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets which mainly comprise software rights are measured initially at cost. Intangible assets are recognized if it is probable that the future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the enterprise; and the cost of the asset can be measured reliably. After initial recognition, intangible assets are measured at cost less accumulated amortization and any accumulated impairment losses. Intangible assets excluding development costs, created within the business are not capitalized and expenditure is charged against profits in the year in which it is incurred. The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed to be either finite or indefinite.

Intangible assets with finite lives are amortized on a straight-line basis over the best estimate of their useful lives. The amortization period and the amortization method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at each financial year-end.

Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset is accounted for by changing the amortization period or method, as appropriate, and treated as changes in accounting estimates. The amortization expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognized in the statement of income in the expense category consistent with the function of the intangible asset.

The Group does not have any intangible assets with indefinite useful lives.

The carrying values of intangible assets are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Goodwill

Goodwill arises when purchasing subsidiaries and the amount of the transferred consideration, the amount of non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the identifiable net assets in the acquiree, the excess of the fair value difference at the acquisition date of the equity interests in the acquiree previously held by the acquirer. If the total transferred consideration, recognized non-controlling interests and previously held interests measured at fair value are less than the fair value of the net assets of the acquired subsidiary, for example in a bargain purchase, the difference is recognized directly in the statement of profit or loss.

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2. Basis of preparation of financial statements (Cont'd)

2.8 Summary of significant accounting policies (Cont'd)

Goodwill is allocated to cash-generating units for the purpose of impairment testing. The allocation is made to those cash-generating units or groups of cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the business combination in which the goodwill arose. The units or groups of units are identified at the lowest level at which goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes, being the operating segments.

A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is indication that the unit may be impaired. The carrying amount of goodwill is compared with its recoverable value, which is the higher of its value in use and fair value less costs to sell. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised directly in profit or loss in the consolidated income statement and is not reversed in subsequent periods.

Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying values of assets are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognized in the statement of income.

The recoverable amount of property and equipment is the greater of net selling price and value in use. Value in use is the present value of estimated future cash flows expected to arise from the continuing use of an asset and from its disposal at the end of its useful life while the net selling price is the amount obtainable from the sale of an asset after cost of sales deducted. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped by regions which are determined operationally (cash-generating units).

Financial assets

Classification

The group classifies its financial assets in the following categories: loans and receivables, and available for sale. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost

Financial assets measured at amortized cost are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than 12 months after the end of the reporting period. These are classified as non-current assets. Trade receivables, cash and cash equivalents, lease certificate and investment funds are classified in this category

Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are non-derivatives that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories. They are included in non-current assets unless the investment matures or management intends to dispose of it within 12 months of the end of the reporting period.

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2. Basis of preparation of financial statements (Cont'd)

2.8 Summary of significant accounting policies (Cont'd)

Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss consist of "financial asset", which are acquired to benefit from short-term price or other fluctuations in the market or which are a part of a portfolio aiming to earn profit in the short run, irrespective of the reason of acquisition, and kept for trading purposes. Financial assets that are measured by their fair value and associated with the profit or loss statement are initially reflected on the consolidated statement of financial position with their costs including the transaction cost. These financial assets are valued based on their fair value after they are recognized. Realized or unrealized profit and losses are recognized under "income from investing income/expense".

Recognition and measurement

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized on the trade-date the date on which the group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognized at fair value plus transaction costs for all financial assets not carried at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognized at fair value, and transaction costs are expensed in the income statement. Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are subsequently carried at fair value. Financial assets measured at amortized cost are subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

Group may make an irrevocable election at initial recognition for particular investments in equity instruments that would otherwise not to be measured at fair value through profit or loss, to present subsequent changes in fair value in other comprehensive income. In such cases, dividends from those investments are accounted for under consolidated statement of income.

The Group may irrevocably choose the method of reflecting subsequent changes in fair value to other comprehensive income for investments in equity financial assets at initial recognition. If the preference is made, dividends from related investments are recognized in the consolidated income statement.

Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Recognition and derecognition of financial assets and liabilities

The Group recognizes a financial asset or financial liability in its balance sheet when only when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. The Group derecognizes a financial asset or a portion of it only when the control on rights under the contract is discharged. The Group derecognizes a financial liability when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires.

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(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated and all other currencies are expressed in full amounts unless otherwise stated.)

2. Basis of preparation of financial statements (Cont'd)

2.8 Summary of significant accounting policies (Cont'd)

Recognition and derecognition of financial assets and liabilities (Cont'd)

All the normal sales or purchase transactions of financial assets are recorded at the transaction date that the Group guaranteed to purchase or sell the financial asset. These transactions generally require the transfer of financial asset in the period specified by the general conditions and the procedures in the market.

All regular way financial asset purchase and sales are recognized at the date of the transaction, the date the Group committed to purchase or sell.

Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date whether a financial asset is impaired.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on assets carried at amortized cost has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future expected credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through use of an allowance account. The amount of the loss is recognized in the consolidated statement of income.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed, to the extent that the carrying value of the asset does not exceed its amortized cost at the reversal date.

As a result of the cancellation, the carrying value of the related financial asset cannot exceed the discounted value that would have occurred at the date of the cancellation of the impairment if the financial asset had not been impaired.

Provision for impairment is provided when there is an objective evidence of uncollectibility of trade receivables. Reserve is provided for the overdue uncollectible receivables. Also portfolio reserve is provided for the not due receivables based on certain criteria. The carrying amount of the receivable is reduced through use of an allowance account.

When securities classified as available for sale are sold or impaired, the accumulated fair value adjustments recognized in equity are included in the income statement as 'Gains and losses from investment securities'.

Trade payables

Trade payables which generally have an average of 60 days term as of June 30, 2023 (December 31, 2022: 56 days) are initially recorded at original invoice amount and carried at amortized cost less due date expense. Due date expense is accounted for under cost of sales. This amount is the fair value of consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed.

BİM Birleşik Mağazalar A.Ş.

Notes To The Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As At and For The Period Ended June 30, 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated and all other currencies are expressed in full amounts unless otherwise stated.)

2. Basis of preparation of financial statements (Cont'd)

2.8 Summary of significant accounting policies (Cont'd)

Gift cards recognition

The gift cards that the Group sells to customers are classified under deferred income. Revenue is recognized when these gift cards are used by the customers.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset shall be capitalized as part of the cost of that asset. Such borrowing costs are capitalized as part of the cost of the asset when it is probable that they will result in future economic benefits to the entity and the costs can be measured reliably. Other borrowing costs are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies during the period have been translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of such transactions. Exchange rate differences arising on reporting monetary items at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded or on the settlement of monetary items or are recognized in the comprehensive income statement in the period in which they arise.

Foreign currency conversion rates used by the Group for the related period ended are as follows:

	US Dollars/TRY (full)	EUR /TRY (full)	GBP/TRY (full)
June 30, 2023	25,8231	28,1540	32,8076
December 31, 2022	18,6983	19,9349	22,4892

Earnings per share

Earnings per share are determined by dividing net income by the weighted average number of shares that have been outstanding during the period concerned.

In Turkey, companies can raise their share capital by distributing "Bonus Shares" to shareholders from retained earnings. In computing earnings per share, such "Bonus Share" distributions are assessed as issued shares. Accordingly, the retrospective effect for those share distributions is taken into consideration in determining the weighted-average number of shares outstanding used in this computation.

Events after balance sheet date

Post year/period-end events that provide additional information about the Group's position at the balance sheet date (adjusting events), are reflected in the financial statements. Post year/period-end events that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the notes when material.

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(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated and all other currencies are expressed in full amounts unless otherwise stated.)

2. Basis of preparation of financial statements (Cont'd)

2.8 Summary of significant accounting policies (Cont'd)

Provisions, contingent assets and contingent liabilities

i) Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as interest expense.

ii) Contingent assets and liabilities

A contingent asset is not recognised in the financial statements but disclosed when an inflow of economic benefits is probable. Contingent liabilities are not recognised in the financial statements but they are disclosed only, unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is probable.

Related parties

- a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to a reporting entity if that person:
 - i) Has control or joint control over the reporting entity,
 - ii) Has significant influence over the reporting entity, or,
 - iii) Is a member of the key management personnel of the reporting entity or of a parent of the reporting entity.
- b) An entity is related to a reporting entity if any of the following conditions applies:
 - i) The entity and the reporting entity are members of the same group,
 - ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member),
 - iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party,
 - iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity,
 - v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the reporting entity or an entity related to the reporting entity. If the reporting entity is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the reporting entity,
 - vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a),
 - vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

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Notes To The Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As At and For The Period Ended June 30, 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated and all other currencies are expressed in full amounts unless otherwise stated.)

2. Basis of preparation of financial statements (Cont'd)

2.8 Summary of significant accounting policies (Cont'd)

Income taxes

Current Income Taxes and Deferred Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognized in the statement of income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity or other comprehensive income. In such case, the tax is recognized in shareholders' equity or other comprehensive income. The current period tax on income is calculated for the Group's subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures considering the tax laws that are applicable in the countries where they operate.

Deferred tax liability or asset is recognized on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases which are used in the computation of taxable profit. However, deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates and tax regulations that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realized or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

The main temporary differences are from the time differences between carrying amount of tangible assets and their tax base amounts, the available expense accruals that are subject to tax and tax allowances that are not utilized.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences, where deferred tax assets resulting from deductible temporary differences are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilized.

When the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities, deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset accordingly.

Statement of Cash Flows

The Group prepares statements of cash flows as an integral part of its of financial statements to enable financial statement analysis about the change in its net assets, financial structure and the ability to direct cash flow amounts and timing according to evolving conditions. Cash flows include those from operating activities, working capital, investing activities and financing activities.

Cash flows from operating activities represent the cash flows generated from the Group's activities. Cash flows related to investing activities represent the cash flows that are used in or provided from the investing activities of the Group (fixed investments and financial investments).

Cash flows arising from financing activities represent the cash proceeds from the financing activities of the Group and the repayments of these funds.

Employee Benefits

a) Defined benefit plans:

In accordance with existing social legislation in Turkey, the Company is required to make lump-sum termination indemnity payments to each employee who has completed over one year of service with the Company and whose employment is terminated due to retirement or for reasons other than resignation or misconduct. As detailed in Note 15, the employee benefit liability is provided for in accordance with TAS 19 "Employee Benefits" and is based on an independent actuarial study.

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Notes To The Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As At and For The Period Ended June 30, 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated and all other currencies are expressed in full amounts unless otherwise stated.)

2. Basis of preparation of financial statements (Cont'd)

2.8 Summary of significant accounting policies (Cont'd)

Employee Benefits (Cont'd)

Actuarial gains and losses that calculated by professional actuaries, are recognized in the actuarial gain/loss fund regarding employee termination benefits in the equity. Recognized gains and losses shall not be transferred to comprehensive statement of income in the following periods. Reserve for employee termination benefits is recognized to financial statements that calculated with the discount rate estimated by professional actuarial.

b) Unused vacation

Unused vacation rights accrued in the consolidated financial statements represents estimated total provision for potential liabilities related to employees' unused vacation days as of the balance sheet date.

3. Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision makers of the Group. The chief operating decision makers, who are responsible for allocation resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, have been identified as the senior management that makes strategic decisions.

The senior management of the Group makes strategic decisions as a whole over the operations of the Group as the Group operates in a single industry and operations outside Turkey do not present an important portion in overall operations. Based on those reasons, there is a single reportable segment in accordance with the provisions in TFRS 8 and segment reporting is not applicable.

4. Cash and cash equivalents

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Cash on hand	865.552	583.373
Banks - Demand deposits	2.258.554	795,760
- Profit share deposits	-	300.000
Cash in transit	857.198	502.620
Cash and cash equivalents	3.981.304	2.181.753
Less: Accrual for profit share	-	(6.386)
Cash and cash equivalents for cash flow	3.981.304	2.175.367

As of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 there is no restricted cash. As of 30 June 2023, there is no participation account. (December 31, 2022: 21,00% for TRY) Since the profit share deposits are not used for investment purposes by the Group, are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and be subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, profit share deposits are classified as cash and cash equivalents.

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Notes To The Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As At and For The Period Ended June 30, 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated and all other currencies are expressed in full amounts unless otherwise stated.)

5. Financial assets

a) Short-term financial assets

As of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 Group's short-term financial investments, consisting out of lease certificates and real estate investment funds which are less than one-year maturity are detailed in the table below with their amortized cost value.

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Real Estate Investment Funds Lease certificate	2.522.571 46.000	2.012.357
	2.568.571	2.012.357

b) Long-term financial assets

Financial investments amounting to TRY 2.092.540 as of June 30, 2023 are detailed below (December 31, 2022: TRY 2.092.540).

i) Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income:

The details of subsidiaries and associates financial investment of the Group are as below:

	Share	June 30,	Share	December 31,
Name of subsidiary	(%)	2022	(%)	2022
FLO Mağazacılık ve Pazarlama A.Ş. (*)	11,5	2.092.540	11,5	2.092.540
		2.092.540		2.092.540

^(*) As of 31 December 2022, the fair value of the related financial asset has been calculated by the valuation company using the discounted cash flow analysis method using 22.5% discount rate and 7.9% final growth rate.

6. Financial liabilities

a) Bank Loans

As of June 30, 2023, the Group has no short-term interest-free financial debts from banks.

b) Lease Liabilities

Short-term portion of long-term liabilities	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	
Lease liabilities	3.262.986	2.450.374	
	3.262.986	2.450.374	
Long-term lease liabilities	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	
Lease liabilities	13.827.970	9.460.474	
	13.827.970	9.460.474	
Total borrowings	17.090.956	11.910.848	

BİM Birleşik Mağazalar A.Ş.

Notes To The Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As At and For The Period Ended June 30, 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated and all other currencies are expressed in full amounts unless otherwise stated.)

6. Financial liabilities (Cont'd)

b) Lease Liabilities (Cont'd)

As of the report date, the maturity dates of the financial liabilities are as follows:

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Shorter than 3 months	911.424	690.239
3 - 12 month	2.351.562	1.760.135
More than 12 months	13.827.970	9.460.474
	17.090.956	11.910.848

Fair values are determined by using average effective annual financing rates.

As of June 30, 2023 and 2022, the movement table of the Group's liabilities arising from leasing transactions is as follows.

	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022
Opening - January 1	11.910.847	8.040.869
Cash outflows from payments of lease liabilities	(1.614.612)	(1.042.652)
Additions	5.742.984	2.099.717
Changes in financial expenses accrual (Note 23)	816.044	487.863
Exchange rate differences	75.514	40.869
Change in accruals for termination of lease	25.617	14.383
Foreign currency translation differences	134.562	48.118
Closing - June 30	17.090.956	9.689.167

7. Trade receivables and payables

a) Trade receivables from third parties

•	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Credit card receivables	9.835.894	7.056.083
Trade receivables from third parties	22.147	17.893
Other trade receivables	194	370
	9.858.560	7.074.346

As of June 30, 2023 the average term of credit card receivables is 14 days (December 31, 2022: 13 days).

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Notes To The Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As At and For The Period Ended June 30, 2023

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7. Trade receivables and payables (Cont'd)

b) Trade payables due to third parties

Balance at the end of the period – June 30

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Trade payables	32.774.020	22.813.209
Rediscount expense (-)	(738.165)	(551.695)
	32.035.855	22.261.514

As of June 30, 2023 the average term of trade payables is 60 days (December 31, 2022: 56 days). As of June 30, 2023 letters of guarantee, cheques and notes are amounting to TRY 2.437.674 and mortgages are amounting to TRY 45.190 (December 31, 2022: letters of guarantee, cheques and notes amounting to TRY 1.038.022 and mortgages amounting to TRY 32.722).

8. Other receivables

a) Other receivables from related parties		
	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Receivables from related parties	1.707	988
	1.707	988
b) Other receivables from third parties		
	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Other receivables	548.671	108.901
Doubtful receivables	11.420	11.386
Less: Allowance for doubtful receivables	(11.420)	(11.386)
	548.671	108.901
Current period movement of allowance for doubtful receivables is as	s follows:	
	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022
Balance at the beginning of the period – January 1	11.386	11.508
Allowance for doubtful receivables	296	167
Collection in current year	(262)	(1.449)

11.420

10.226

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Notes To The Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As At and For The Period Ended June 30, 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated and all other currencies are expressed in full amounts unless otherwise stated.)

9. Inventories

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Trade goods, net	18.986.722	14.547.031
Other	139.880	108.836
Allowance for impairment on inventory (-)	(339.145)	(23.884)
	18.787.457	14.631.983

Cost of inventories amounting to TRY 91.745.152 (June 30, 2022: TRY 47.865.083) was recognized under cost of sales.

As of 30 June 2023, an inventory impairment provision amounting to TL 339.145 (31 December 2022: TL 23.884) has been reserved for commercial goods.

The movement of impairment for inventories in 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Balance at the beginning of the period - January 1	23.884	14.711
Allowance cancellations	(23.884)	(14.711)
Allowance for impairment	339.145	33.787
Balance at the end of the period - June 30	339.145	33.787

10. Property, plant and equipment

The movements of property and equipment and the related accumulated depreciation for the periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

						Currency	
	January 1,				Provision for	translation	June 30,
	2023	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	impairment	differences	2023
Cost or revalued amount							
Land	6.021.234	310.881	-	-	-	20.935	6.353.050
Land improvements	73.535	4.253	(180)	-	-	-	77.608
Buildings	9.208.408	68.510	(7.562)	140.662	(60.362)	3.739	9.353.395
Machinery and equipment	4.540.037	866.281	(34.900)	1.223	-	277.371	5.650.012
Vehicles	999.949	305.952	(11.219)	-	-	62.123	1.356.805
Furniture and fixtures	1.864.461	459.254	(20.986)	-	-	69.788	2.372.517
Leasehold improvements	3.950.013	776.252	(60.051)	77	-	406.692	5.072.983
Construction in progress	256.366	539.120	-	(164.951)	-	-	630.535
	26.914.003	3.330.503	(134.898)	(22.989)	(60.362)	840.648	30.866.905
Less: Accumulated							
depreciation							
Land improvements	(31.305)	(2.859)	180	-	-	-	(33.984)
Buildings		(318.329)	235	-	885	(1.525)	(318.734)
Machinery and equipment	(1.667.913)	(254.761)	18.273	-	-	(221.799)	(2.126.200)
Vehicles	(421.878)	(96.254)	6.953	-	-	(39.209)	(550.388)
Furniture and fixtures	(794.005)	(175.958)	14.223	-	-	(50.187)	(1.005.927)
Leasehold improvements	(1.458.252)	(194.413)	19.756	-	-	(265.293)	(1.898.202)
	(4.373.353)	(1.042.574)	59.620	-	885	(578.013)	(5.933.435)
Net book value	22.540.650						24.933.470

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Notes To The Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As At and For The Period Ended June 30, 2023

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10. Property, plant and equipment (Cont'd)

	January 1, 2022	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Currency translation differences	June 30, 2022
Cost or revalued amount						
Land	1.463.735	5.344	_	_	6.847	1.475.926
Land improvements	41.012	3.906	_	233	-	45.151
Buildings	2.356.663	41.179	_	155.479	1.063	2.554.384
Machinery and equipment	2.882.275	592.980	(15.749)	45.424	80.732	3.585.662
Vehicles	531.058	132.562	(2.812)	12.712	15.805	689.325
Furniture and fixtures	1.099.541	322.090	(9.088)	5.307	19.662	1.437.512
Leasehold improvements	2.562.317	435.108	(8.071)	35.905	117.053	3.142.312
Construction in progress	252.161	161.538	-	(255.060)	-	158.639
	11.188.762	1.694.707	(35.720)	-	241.162	13.088.911
Less : Accumulated depreciation						
Land improvements	(26.208)	(2.157)	_	-	-	(28.365)
Buildings	(135.047)	(77.947)	-	-	131	(212.863)
Machinery and equipment	(1.213.354)	(151.443)	11.143	-	(64.029)	(1.417.683)
Vehicles	(296.255)	(47.339)	2.454	-	(10.774)	(351.914)
Furniture and fixtures	(562.737)	(97.803)	8.082	-	(14.104)	(666.562)
Leasehold improvements	(1.084.859)	(126.324)	5.044	-	(74.499)	(1.280.638)
	(3.318.460)	(503.013)	26.723	-	(163.275)	(3.958.025)
Net book value	7.870.302					9.130.886

As June 30, 2023, depreciation expense amounting to TRY 936.711 (January 1- June 30, 2022: TRY 466.774) were recognized in marketing expenses and TRY 76.711 (January 1- June 30, 2022: TRY 34.551) in general and administrative expenses and TRY 29.152 (January 1 – June 30, 2022: TRY 1.688) were recognized in cost of goods sold for the period January 1- June 30, 2023. The land and buildings were revalued and reflected to financial statements with their fair value. The book values of such assets were adjusted to the revalued amounts and the resulting surplus net of deferred income tax was credited to revaluation surplus in the equity. The revaluation surplus is not available for distribution to shareholders.

If the Group does not adopt the revaluation model in accordance with TAS 16, the net book values of the items of property and equipment as of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 are as follows:

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Land Buildings	674.469 1.884.710	363.588 1.755.838
Dunuings	2.559.179	2.119.426

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10. Property, plant and equipment (Cont'd)

Fair values of land and buildings

An independent valuation of the group's land and buildings was performed by valuers to determine the fair value of the land and buildings as at June 30, 2023. The revaluation surplus, as of December 31, 2022 net of applicable deferred income taxes was credited to other comprehensive income and is shown in 'property and equipment revaluation reserve' in shareholders equity. The fair value of non-financial assets by valuation method is calculated by inputs observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (Level 2).

Valuation techniques used to derive level 2 fair values

Sale or purchase costs or tax deductions are not taken into account in assumption of Level 2 fair value of land and buildings. The most common valuation techniques used is market comparable method, and for some land and buildings cost and income approach including discounted cash flow analysis are also used. Comparable value per square meter is determined based on assumptions such as bargaining share and adjustment for location in market comparable method.

Market comparable method

A property's fair value is estimated based on comparison of sales and market data of similar or comparable properties. The revaluated property is compared with the sales of similar properties in the market or asked price and bid price.

Discounted cash flow method

Value assumption is conducted through discount method by taking into account the data of expenditure and revenue belong to the revaluated property. The reduction is associated with value and revenue converting the amount of revenue to value assumption. Either the ratio of proceeds or/and discount should be taken into consideration. Within this approach, Direct Capitalization of Income and Cash Flow Analysis are applied predominantly. During the application of Direct Capitalization of Income, rental data belong to the similar real estate in the same region where the property based in has been used. Unless enough data for probable ratio of capitalization is attained, the method aforementioned has not been applied on.

Cost approach

Instead of purchase of property, the probability of construction of the same of the property or another property provides the same benefit is taken into account. In practice the estimated value includes the amortization of old and less functional properties in case new one's cost exceeds the potential price to be paid for revaluation of the property.

It determines how transaction will be traded in the market and the approach and methods will be used in estimation of fair value of land and building. Sales prices of comparable land and buildings in close proximity are adjusted for differences in key attributes such as property size. The most significant input into the valuation approach is price per square meter.

In the market comparable method, one of the methods applied during the valuation, room for negotiation has been considered and reconciliation has done for the positive and negative features of property with respect to the precedents.

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Notes To The Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As At and For The Period Ended June 30, 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated and all other currencies are expressed in full amounts unless otherwise stated.)

10. Property, plant and equipment (Cont'd)

Valuation processes of the group

The Group's finance department reviews the fair value of land and buildings for reporting purposes. On an annual basis, the Group engages external, independent and CMB licensed valuation firm.

Revaluations are performed with sufficient regularity to ensure that the fair value of a revalued asset does not differ materially from its carrying amount as of balance sheet date. Group revaluates the amount of their lands and buildings every 3 years unless there is a change in the circumstances. The valuation of land and buildings was performed as of December 31, 2022.

The fair values of the land and buildings (administrative building, warehouses and stores) of the Group have been determined by a real estate appraisal company who has CMB license, holds a recognised and relevant professional qualification and has recent experience in the location and category of the land and buildings.

Pledges and mortgages on assets

As of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, there is no pledge or mortgage on property and equipment of the Group.

11. Intangible assets

The movements of intangible assets and related accumulated amortization for the periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	January 1, 2023	Additi	ons	Disposals	Transfers	Currency translation differences	June 30, 2023
Cost							
Right	126.662	19.	538	(500)	22.989	5.095	173.784
	126.662	19.	538	(500)	22.989	5.095	173.784
Accumulated amortization							
Right	(75.049)	(8.8)	95)	362	-	(5.023)	(88.605)
	(75.049)	(8.8)	95)	362	-	(5.023)	(88.605)
Net book value	51.613					, ,	85.179
						Currency	
	Janu	ary 1,				translation	June 30,
		2022	Ac	lditions	Disposals	differences	2022
Cost							
Right	11	0.793		6.585	(578)	1.624	118.424
	11	0.793		6.585	(578)	1.624	118.424
Accumulated amortization							
Right	(57	(.569)		(7.557)	103	(1.509)	(66.532)
	(57	'.569)		(7.557)	103	(1.509)	(66.532)
Net book value	5	3.224		. /		, ,	51.892

BİM Birleşik Mağazalar A.Ş.

Notes To The Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As At and For The Period Ended June 30, 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated and all other currencies are expressed in full amounts unless otherwise stated.)

11. Intangible assets (Cont'd)

As of June 30, 2023 amortization expense amounting to TRY 8.202 (January 1- June 30, 2022: TRY 7.026) has been charged in marketing expenses and TRY 672 (January 1- June 30, 2022: TRY 520) in general and administrative expenses and TRY 21 (January 1- June 30, 2022: 11.) is included in the cost of sales.

The intangible assets are amortized over estimated useful life which is 5 years. The rights mainly consist of software licenses.

12. Right of Use Assets

The movements of right use of assets and the related accumulated depreciation for the period ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 as follows:

	January 1, 2023	Additions	Disposals	Currency translation differences	June 30, 2023
Building	14.611.329	5.684.352	(499.647)	1.128.259	20.924.293
Vehicles	339.561	58.633	(9.593)	29.568	418.169
	14.950.890	5.742.985	(509.240)	1.157.827	21.342.462
Less: Accumulated amortization					
Building	(4.030.019)	(907.760)	72.105	(579.002)	(5.444.676)
Vehicles	(223.906)	(41.894)	5.983	(19.898)	(279.715)
	(4.253.925)	(949.654)	78.088	(598.900)	(5.724.391)
Net book value	10.696.965				15.618.071
	January 1, 2022	Additions	Disposals	Currency translation differences	June 30, 2022
Building Vehicles	9.575.434 266.930	2.041.223 58.494	(156.830) (3.677)	319.074 7.394	11.778.901 329.141
venicles	9.842.364	2.099.717	(160.507)	326.468	12.108.042
Less: Accumulated amortization					
Building	(2.607.641)	(607.999)	34.724	(139.080)	(3.319.996)
Vehicles	(148.314)	(37.100)	1.014	(5.171)	(189.571)
	(2.755.955)	(645.099)	35.738	(144.251)	(3.509.567)
Net book value	7.086.409				8.598.475

For the period ended June 30, 2023, TRY 877.769 (June 30, 2022, TRY 600.640) of amortization expenses is recognized under selling and marketing expenses and TRY 71.884 (June 30, 2022 TRY 44.459) is recognized under general administrative expenses.

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Notes To The Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As At and For The Period Ended June 30, 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated and all other currencies are expressed in full amounts unless otherwise stated.)

13. Provisions, contingent assets and liabilities

a) Short term provisions for employee benefits

Unused vacation amounting to TRY 226.996 is shown on the current provisions for employee benefits amounting in the Group account of short-term provisions for the period ended June 30, 2023 (December 31, 2022: TRY 111.846).

Current period movement of short-term unused vacation provision is as follows:

	January 1- June 30, 2023	January 1- June 30, 2022
Balance at the beginning of the period – January 1	111.846	60.717
Used in the period	(111.846)	(60.717)
Provision of unused vacation	226.995	133.451
Balance at the end of the period - June 30	226.995	133.451

b) Other short-term provisions

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Legal provisions (*) Other	112.791 53.715	87.038 38.483
Total	166.506	125.521

(*) As of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the total amount of outstanding lawsuits filed against the Group, TRY 234.456 and TRY 197.124 (in historical terms), respectively. The Group recognized provisions amounting to TRY 112.791 and TRY 87.038 for the related periods, respectively.

Current period movement of provision for lawsuits is as follows:

	January 1-	January 1-
	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022
Balance at the beginning of the period - January 1	87.038	53.130
Provisions required	25.753	17.475
Balance at the end of the period - June 30	112.791	70.605

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(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated and all other currencies are expressed in full amounts unless otherwise stated.)

13. Provisions, contingent assets and liabilities (Cont'd)

Letter of guarantees, mortgages and pledges given by the Group

As of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, breakdown of the guarantees, mortgage and pledges given by the Group is as follows:

			June 30, 20	023	
	Total TRY equivalent	TRY	US Dollars	EUR	Moroccan Dirham
A. Total amount of guarantees, pledges and	_				
mortgages given in the name of	357.766	245.588	955.270	3.108.260	-
Guarantee	357.766	245.588	955.270	3.108.260	-
Pledge	-	-	-	-	-
Mortgage	-	-	-	-	-
B. Total amount of guarantees, pledges and mortgages provided on behalf of the parties which are included in the scope of full consolidation					
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	-	-	-	-	-
Guarantee	-	-	-	-	-
Pledge	-	-	-	-	-
MortgageC. Total amount of guarantees, pledges and mortgages provided on behalf of third	-	-	-	-	-
parties to conduct business activities D. Total amount of other guarantees, pledges	-	-	-	-	-
and mortgages	-	-	-	-	-
i. On behalf of majority Shareholderii. On behalf of other group companies	-	-	-	-	-
which are not covered in B and C above iii. On behalf of third parties which are not	-	-	-	-	-
covered by item C	<u>-</u>	-			-
Total	357.766	245.588	955.270	3.108.260	-

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Notes To The Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As At and For The Period Ended June 30, 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated and all other currencies are expressed in full amounts unless otherwise stated.)

13. Provisions, contingent assets and liabilities (Cont'd)

		Decer	nber 31, 2022		,
	Total TRY				Moroccan
	equivalent	TRY	US Dollars	EUR	Dirham
A. Total amount of guarantees, pledges and					
mortgages given in the name of	76.101	71.459	250.870	_	_
Guarantee	76.101	71.459	250.870	_	
Pledge	70.101	71.137	250.070	_	_
Mortgage	_	_	-	_	_
B. Total amount of guarantees, pledges and					
mortgages provided on behalf of the parties					
which are included in the scope of full					
consolidation	-	_	-	_	-
Guarantee	-	-	-	-	-
Pledge	-	-	-	-	-
Mortgage	=	-	-	-	-
C. Total amount of guarantees, pledges and					
mortgages provided on behalf of third					
parties to conduct business activities	-	-	-	-	-
D. Total amount of other guarantees, pledges					
and mortgages	-	-	-	-	-
 On behalf of majority Shareholder 	-	-	-	-	-
ii. On behalf of other group companies					
which are not covered in B and C above	-	-	-	-	-
iii. On behalf of third parties which are not					
covered by item C	-	-	-	-	-
Total	76.101	71.459	250.870	-	

Insurance coverage on assets

As of June 30, 2023, and December 31, 2022, insurance coverage on assets of the Group is TRY 33.920.799 and TRY 27.707.641 respectively.

14. Prepaid Expenses and Deferred Income

a) Short term prepaid expenses

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Order advances given to third parties for inventories	1.201.690	808.182
Order advances given to related parties (Note 28)	591.212	15.193
Prepaid service expenses	50.562	135.335
Other	136.581	17.950
	1.980.045	976.660

BİM Birleşik Mağazalar A.Ş.

Notes To The Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As At and For The Period Ended June 30, 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated and all other currencies are expressed in full amounts unless otherwise stated.)

14. Prepaid Expenses and Deferred Income (Cont'd)

b) Long term prepaid expenses

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Advances given for property, plant and equipment	756.956	443.287
Other	8.080	12.658
	765.036	455.945
c) Deferred Income		
	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Gift cards income	383.826	142.829
Other	_	16
	383.826	142.845
15. Employee termination benefits		
	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Provision for employee termination benefits	1.220.035	995.345
	1.220.035	995.345

The amount payable consists of one month's salary limited to a maximum of full TRY 19.982,83 for each period of service as of June 30, 2023 (December 31, 2022: full TRY 15.371,40). The retirement pay provision ceiling is revised semiannually, and full TRY 19.982,83 which is effective from June 30, 2022, is taken into consideration in the calculation of provision for employment termination benefits (effective from December 31, 2022: full TRY 15.371,40). Liability of employment termination benefits is not subject to any funding as there is not any obligation. Provision is calculated by estimating the present value of the future probable obligation of the Group arising from the retirement of the employees. TAS 19 "Employee Benefits" requires actuarial valuation methods to be developed to estimate the Group's obligation under the defined benefit plans. The following actuarial assumptions are used in the calculation of the total liability. Actuarial loss/ (gain) is accounted in the statement of comprehensive income under "Actuarial gain/loss from defined benefit plans".

The principal assumption is that the maximum liability for each year of service will increase in line with inflation. Thus, the discount rate applied represents the expected real rate after adjusting for the anticipated effects of future inflation. Consequently, in the accompanying consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2023, and December 31, 2022, the provision is calculated by estimating the present value of the future probable obligation of the Group arising from the retirement of the employees. Provisions at the balance sheet date were calculated by using real discount rate of 4,05% by assuming an annual inflation rate of 17,80% (December 31, 2022: 17%) and a discount rate of 21,85% (December 31, 2022: 21,5%). The anticipated rate of termination benefits not paid as a result of voluntary leaves is also taken into consideration. The real discount rate obtained according to the assumptions is calculated by using 4.05% per annum. The estimated ratio of severance pay amounts that will not be paid to the Group as a result of voluntary dismissals have also been taken into account.

The following tables summarize the components of net benefit expense recognized in the comprehensive statement of income and amounts recognized in the balance sheet:

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Notes To The Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As At and For The Period Ended June 30, 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated and all other currencies are expressed in full amounts unless otherwise stated.)

January 1		ints unicss other wise stated.)		
January 1	15.	Employee termination benefits (Cont'd)		
Interest cost of employee termination benefit (Note 23) 70.797 38.809 Total 269.379 84.424 Changes in the carrying value of defined benefit obligation are as follows: January 1-June 30, 2023 Balance at the beginning of the period -January 1 995.345 388.923 Interest cost of employee termination benefit 198.582 45.615 Financing cost of severance pay 70.797 38.809 Payments made in the current period (535.121) (56.045) Payments made in the current period 490.432 - Balance at the end of the period - June 30 1.220.035 417.302 16. Other assets and liabilities June 30, 2023 December 31, 2022 VAT receivable 1.621.069 1.106.742 Other 1.140 1.372 VAT receivable 1.142 1.372 Other current liabilities June 30, 2023 December 31, 2022 Taxes and funds payables 677.991 439.398 Other 9.970 3.925				
Total 269.379 84.424 Changes in the carrying value of defined benefit obligation are as follows: January 1-June 30, 2023 January 1-June 30, 2022 Balance at the beginning of the period -January 1 995.345 388.923 Interest cost of employee termination benefit 198.582 45.615 Financing cost of severance pay 70.797 38.809 Payments made in the current period (535.121) (56.045) Actuarial loss/(gain) during the period - June 30 1.220.035 417.302 16. Other assets and liabilities June 30, 2023 December 31, 2022 VAT receivable 1.621.069 1.106.742 Other Current liabilities Other current liabilities June 30, 2023 December 31, 2022 VAT receivable 1.622.209 1.108.114 Other current liabilities June 30, 2023 December 31, 2022	Curre	ent service cost (Note 20)		45.615
Changes in the carrying value of defined benefit obligation are as follows: January 1- June 30, 2023 June 30, 2022 Balance at the beginning of the period -January 1 995,345 388,923 Interest cost of employee termination benefit 198,582 45,615 Financing cost of severance pay 70,797 38,809 Payments made in the current period (535,121) (56,045) Actuarial loss/(gain) during the period 490,432 - Balance at the end of the period - June 30 1,220,035 417,302 16. Other assets and liabilities Apart	Inter	est cost of employee termination benefit (Note 23)	70.797	38.809
January 1- June 30, 2023 June 30, 2022 Balance at the beginning of the period -January 1 995.345 388.923 Interest cost of employee termination benefit 198.582 45.615 Financing cost of severance pay 70.797 38.809 Payments made in the current period (535.121) (56.045) Actuarial loss/(gain) during the period 490.432 - Balance at the end of the period - June 30 1.220.035 417.302 16. Other assets and liabilities June 30, 2023 December 31, 2022 VAT receivable 1.621.069 1.106.742 Other current liabilities 1.622.209 1.108.114 b) Other current liabilities June 30, 2023 December 31, 2022 Taxes and funds payables 677.991 439.398 Other current form of the period - January 1 439.398 Other current form of the period - January 1 1.997 439.398 Other current form of the period - January 1 January 1 January 1 June 30, 2023 December 31, 2022 Taxes and funds payables 677.991 439.398 Other current form of the period - January 1 439.398 Other current form of the period - January 1 January 1 995.345 388.923 January 1 995.345 388.923 January 1 995.345 388.923 January 1 995.345 388.923 January 1 995.345 388.923 January 1 995.345 388.923 January 1 995.345 388.923 January 1 995.345 388.923 January 1 995.345 388.923 January 1 995.345 388.923 January 1 995.345 388.923 January 1 995.345 388.923 January 1 995.345 January 1 995.34	Tota	1	269.379	84.424
Sune 30, 2023 June 30, 2022 Balance at the beginning of the period -January 1 995.345 388.923 Interest cost of employee termination benefit 198.582 45.615 Financing cost of severance pay 70.797 38.809 Payments made in the current period (535.121) (56.045) Actuarial loss/(gain) during the period 490.432 - Balance at the end of the period - June 30 1.220.035 417.302 16. Other assets and liabilities a) Other current assets VAT receivable 1.621.069 1.106.742 Other 1.140 1.372 Other current liabilities June 30, 2023 December 31, 2022 Dotter current liabilities June 30, 2023 December 31, 2022 Taxes and funds payables 677.991 439.398 Other 9.970 3.925 Other 9.970 9.970 3.925 Other 9.970 9.970 9.970 Other 9.970 9.970 9.970 Other 9.970 9.970 9.970 Other 9.970 9.970 9.970 Other 9.970 9.970 9.970 9.970 Other 9.970 9.970 9.970 9.970 Other 9.970 9.970 9.970 Other 9.970 9.970 9.970 9.970 Other 9.970 9.970 9.970 9.970 Other 9.970 9.970 9.970 9.970 Other 9.970 9.970 9.970 9.970 9.970 Other 9.970	Chan	nges in the carrying value of defined benefit obligation are as	follows:	
Sune 30, 2023 June 30, 2022 Balance at the beginning of the period -January 1 995.345 388.923 Interest cost of employee termination benefit 198.582 45.615 Financing cost of severance pay 70.797 38.809 Payments made in the current period (535.121) (56.045) Actuarial loss/(gain) during the period 490.432 - Balance at the end of the period - June 30 1.220.035 417.302 16. Other assets and liabilities a) Other current assets VAT receivable 1.621.069 1.106.742 Other 1.140 1.372 Other current liabilities June 30, 2023 December 31, 2022 Dotter current liabilities June 30, 2023 December 31, 2022 Taxes and funds payables 677.991 439.398 Other 9.970 3.925 Other 9.970 9.970 3.925 Other 9.970 9.970 9.970 Other 9.970 9.970 9.970 Other 9.970 9.970 9.970 Other 9.970 9.970 9.970 Other 9.970 9.970 9.970 9.970 Other 9.970 9.970 9.970 9.970 Other 9.970 9.970 9.970 Other 9.970 9.970 9.970 9.970 Other 9.970 9.970 9.970 9.970 Other 9.970 9.970 9.970 9.970 Other 9.970 9.970 9.970 9.970 9.970 Other 9.970			January 1-	January 1-
Interest cost of employee termination benefit 198.582 45.615 Financing cost of severance pay 70.797 38.809 Payments made in the current period (535.121) (56.045) Actuarial loss/(gain) during the period 490.432 - Balance at the end of the period - June 30 1.220.035 417.302 16. Other assets and liabilities June 30, 2023 December 31, 2022 VAT receivable 1.621.069 1.106.742 Other 1.140 1.372 Interest cost of severance pay 1.08.114 b) Other current liabilities June 30, 2023 December 31, 2022 Taxes and funds payables 677.991 439.398 Other 9.970 3.925				
Interest cost of employee termination benefit 198.582 45.615 Financing cost of severance pay 70.797 38.809 Payments made in the current period (535.121) (56.045) Actuarial loss/(gain) during the period 490.432 - Balance at the end of the period - June 30 1.220.035 417.302 16. Other assets and liabilities June 30, 2023 December 31, 2022 VAT receivable 1.621.069 1.106.742 Other 1.140 1.372 Interest cost of severance pay 1.08.114 b) Other current liabilities June 30, 2023 December 31, 2022 Taxes and funds payables 677.991 439.398 Other 9.970 3.925	Balaı	nce at the beginning of the period -January 1	995.345	388.923
Financing cost of severance pay Payments made in the current period Actuarial loss/(gain) during the period 490.432 70.797 (55.045) 38.809 (55.045) Actuarial loss/(gain) during the period 490.432 - - Balance at the end of the period - June 30 1.220.035 417.302 417.302 -				
Payments made in the current period Actuarial loss/(gain) during the period (535.121) 490.432 (56.045) 490.432 Balance at the end of the period - June 30 1.220.035 417.302 16. Other assets and liabilities June 30, 2023 December 31, 2022 VAT receivable Other 1.621.069 1.106.742 Other 1.140 1.372 b) Other current liabilities June 30, 2023 December 31, 2022 Taxes and funds payables Other 677.991 439.398 Other 9.970 3.925				
Actuarial loss/(gain) during the period 490.432 - Balance at the end of the period - June 30 1.220.035 417.302 16. Other assets and liabilities June 30, 2023 December 31, 2022 VAT receivable Other 1.621.069 1.106.742 Other 1.140 1.372 1.622.209 1.108.114 b) Other current liabilities June 30, 2023 December 31, 2022 Taxes and funds payables Other 677.991 439.398 Other 9.970 3.925				
Balance at the end of the period - June 30 1.220.035 417.302 16. Other assets and liabilities June 30, 2023 December 31, 2022 VAT receivable Other 1.621.069 1.106.742 1.372 1.622.209 1.108.114 b) Other current liabilities June 30, 2023 December 31, 2022 Taxes and funds payables Other 677.991 439.398 9.970 3.925	-	•		-
June 30, 2023 December 31, 2022 VAT receivable Other 1.621.069 1.106.742 1.140 1.372 b) Other current liabilities June 30, 2023 December 31, 2022 Taxes and funds payables Other 677.991 439.398 9.970 439.398 3.925			1.220.035	417.302
VAT receivable 1.621.069 1.106.742 Other 1.140 1.372 b) Other current liabilities June 30, 2023 December 31, 2022 Taxes and funds payables 677.991 439.398 Other 9.970 3.925	16.	Other assets and liabilities		
VAT receivable Other 1.621.069 1.106.742 Other 1.140 1.372 b) Other current liabilities June 30, 2023 December 31, 2022 Taxes and funds payables Other 677.991 439.398 Other 9.970 3.925	a)	Other current assets		
Other 1.140 1.372 1.622.209 1.108.114 b) Other current liabilities June 30, 2023 December 31, 2022 Taxes and funds payables 677.991 439.398 Other 9.970 3.925			June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
1.622.209 1.108.114 b) Other current liabilities June 30, 2023 December 31, 2022 Taxes and funds payables 677.991 439.398 Other 9.970 3.925	VAT	receivable	1.621.069	1.106.742
b) Other current liabilities June 30, 2023 December 31, 2022 Taxes and funds payables Other 9,970 3,925	Othe	r	1.140	1.372
June 30, 2023 December 31, 2022 Taxes and funds payables 677.991 439.398 Other 9.970 3.925			1.622.209	1.108.114
Taxes and funds payables 677.991 439.398 Other 9.970 3.925	b)	Other current liabilities		
Other 9.970 3.925			June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Other 9.970 3.925	Taxe	es and funds payables	677.991	439.398
		÷ •		
			687.961	443.323

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(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated and all other currencies are expressed in full amounts unless otherwise stated.)

17. Equity

a) Share capital and capital reserves

As of June 30, 2023, and December 31,2022, the breakdown of shareholders and their ownership percentages in the Company are summarized as follows.

	June 30, 2023		December 31	, 2022
	Historical cost (%)		Historical	
			cost	(%)
Merkez Bereket Gıda Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş.	92.000	15,15	92.000	15,15
Naspak Gıda Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş.	70.000	11,53	68.600	11,30
Other	15.012	2,47	15.012	2,47
Publicly traded	430.188	70,85	431.588	71,08
	607.200	100,00	607.200	100,00

The Company's share capital is fully paid and consists of 607.200.000 (December 31, 2022: 607.200.000) shares of full TRY 1 nominal value each.

Property, plant and equipment revaluation fund

As of June 30, 2023 the Group has revaluation fund amounting TRY 12.456.813 (December 31, 2022: TRY 12.566.677) related to revaluation of land and buildings. The revaluation fund is not available for distribution to shareholders.

b) Restricted reserves and retained earnings

The legal reserves consist of first and second legal reserves, per the Turkish Commercial Code (TCC). The TCC stipulates that the first legal reserve is appropriated out of net statutory profits at the rate of 5% per annum, until the total reserve reaches 20% of the Company's historical paid-in share capital. The second legal reserve is appropriated at the rate of 10% per annum of all cash distributions in excess of 5% of the historical paid-in share capital. Under TCC, the legal reserves are not available for distribution unless they exceed 50% of the historical paid-in share capital but may be used to offset losses in the event that historical general reserve is exhausted.

The statutory accumulated profits and statutory current year profit are available for distribution, subject to the reserve requirements referred to above and Turkish Capital Market Board (CMB) requirements related to profit distribution. Listed companies distribute dividend in accordance with the Communiqué No. II-19.1 issued by the CMB which is effective from February 1, 2014.

Companies distribute dividends in accordance with their dividend payment policies settled and dividend payment decision taken in general assembly and also in conformity with relevant legislations. The communiqué does not constitute a minimum dividend rate. Companies distribute dividend in accordance with the method defined in their dividend policy or articles of incorporation. In addition, dividend can be distributed by fixed or variable instalments and advance dividend can be paid in accordance with profit on financial statements of the Company.

In accordance with the Turkish Commercial Code (TCC), unless the required reserves and the dividend for shareholders as determined in the article of association or in the dividend distribution policy of the company are set aside, no decision may be made to set aside other reserves, to transfer profits to the subsequent year or to distribute dividends to the holders of usufruct right certificates, to the members of the board of directors or to the employees, and no dividend can be distributed to these persons unless the determined dividend for shareholders is

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Notes To The Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As At and For The Period Ended June 30, 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated and all other currencies are expressed in full amounts unless otherwise stated.)

17. Equity (Cont'd)

Property, plant and equipment revaluation fund (Cont'd)

b) Restricted reserves and retained earnings (Cont'd)

paid in cash. Dividend distribution policy of the Company is in line with the CMB Law numbered 6362 dated December 31, 2012.

Inflation adjustment to shareholders' equity and book value of extraordinary reserves can be used as an internal source in capital, dividend distribution in cash or net-off against prior years' loss. In case the inflation adjustment to shareholders' equity is used for dividend distribution in cash, the distribution is subject to corporate tax.

As of June 30, 2023, and December 31,2022 legal reserves, prior year profits and net income for the period in statutory accounts of the Company are as follows:

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Legal reserves	2.108.817	1.698.046
Extraordinary reserves	4.329.690	857.514
Net profit for the period	3.237.446	5.100.486
	9.675.953	7.656.046

As of June 30, 2023, net profit for the Company's statutory books is TRY 3.237.446 (December 31, 2022: TRY 5.100.486) and net profit per consolidated financial statements in accordance with CMB accounting standards is TRY 4.186.075 (December 31, 2022: TRY 8.158.851). Equity holders of the parent company of profit is TRY 4.199.297 (December 31, 2022: TRY 8.156.913).

c) Treasury Shares

As part of the resolution of the Board of Directors on 2 February 2023, buy-back operations have been started. As part of such buy-back operation shares of the Company which are equivalent to 842.008 units of BİM shares corresponding to TRY 110.206.535 have been repurchased. As of June 30, 2023, 10.200.000 shares repurchased for a total of TRY 747.689.357 (full TRY) together with the purchases made in the previous periods, in the Company's capital is 1.6798%.

The financing of share repurchases is provided by the Company's internal resources. As of the report date, there has been no sale of the repurchased shares.

d) Dividend payment

At the Ordinary General Assembly meeting dated 16 May 2023, it was decided to distribute 3.036.000.000 (full TL) cash dividends from the profits of 2022 to the shareholders and to make the payment in 2 installments on 14 June 2023 and 20 December 2023. Accordingly, the first installment from the profit of 2022, a gross dividend of 1.214.400 TL (2021: 910.800 TL), has been completed as of the report date. The gross dividend amount paid per share is 2 full TL and a total of 20.400 TL of the dividend amount consists of the Group's dividend payment corresponding to its own shares. The second installment, a gross dividend of TL 1,821,600, has been accounted for in other payables to the related parties and will be distributed to the partners as of 20 December 2023. The gross dividend payable per share is 3 full TL. In addition, Bim Stores S.A., one of the Group companies, distributed a dividend of 57,189,757 full TL to its non-group shareholders on 13 June 2023 from its 2022 profit.

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Notes To The Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As At and For The Period Ended June 30, 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated and all other currencies are expressed in full amounts unless otherwise stated.)

17. Equity (Cont'd)

Non - controlling interest

Equity in a subsidiary that is not directly or indirectly associated with the parent is classified under "Non-controlling interests" in the consolidated financial statements.

As of June 30, 2023, the relevant amount in the "Non-controlling interests" account in the consolidated statement of financial position is TRY 221.544. In addition, net profit or loss in a subsidiary that is not directly or indirectly attributed to a parent is classified under "Non-controlling interests" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. As of June 30, 2023, the amount of profit attributable to minority interests in the consolidated statement of comprehensive loss is 13.222.

18. Sales and cost of sales

a) Net Sales

Ending inventory (-)

The Group's net sales for the periods ended June 30, 2023, and 2022 are as follows:

	January 1- June 30, 2023	April 1- June 30, 2023	2	April 1- June 30, 2022
Sales	109.759.670	58.185.749	61.757.732	34.314.236
Sales returns (-)	(547.011)	(307.677)		(178.837)
	109.212.659	57.878.072	61.449.339	34.135.399
b) Cost of sales				
	January 1-	April 1-	January 1-	April 1-
	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2022
Beginning inventory	14.547.031	19.721.921	6.666.107	10.648.174
Purchases	93.708.863	46.427.179	56.530.025	30.302.115
Depreciation and amortization expenses	29.173	21.400	1 699	1 255

(18.986.722)

89.298.345

(18.986.722)

47.183.778

(12.969.679)

50.228.152

(12.969.679)

27.981.865

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Notes To The Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As At and For The Period Ended June 30, 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated and all other currencies are expressed in full amounts unless otherwise stated.)

19. Operational expenses

a) Marketing expenses

	January 1-	April 1-	January 1-	April 1-
	June 30, 2023 Ju	ine 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2022
Personnel expenses	7.719.495	3.923.285	3.607.911	1.983.974
Depreciation and amortization expense	1.822.683	961.126	1.074.440	573.164
Electricity, water and communication expenses	1.082.939	499.071	694.837	364.340
Maintenance and repair expenses	282.021	153.701	155.786	89.783
Advertising expense	278.607	194.293	128.456	72.925
Truck fuel expense	220.567	106.943	204.586	122.877
Severance pay expenses	174.662	55.231	40.611	20.495
Packaging expenses	128.442	61.506	98.989	49.318
Stationery expense	101.084	51.165	61.162	33.497
Shipping Costs	99.631	49.911	51.452	28.258
Tax and duty expenses	74.569	47.205	38.179	22.450
Rent expenses	66.637	37.526	29.866	16.551
IT Expenses	57.390	31.362	37.251	20.930
Directly expensed fixed asset	48.332	26.307	28.148	14.793
Cleaning expenses	31.768	16.230	24.000	11.922
Other	310.043	171.777	148.229	77.711
	12.498.870	6.386.639	6.423.903	3.502.988

19. Operational expenses (Cont'd)

b) General and administrative expenses

	January 1-	April 1-	January 1-	April 1-
	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2022
Personnel expenses	1.307.657	708.307	503.653	262.886
Tax and duty expense	191.438	114.231	81.762	71.793
Depreciation and amortization	149.266	70.462	79.530	24.806
Motor vehicle expenses	52.993	37.715	23.612	14.447
Legal and consultancy expenses	48.336	28.104	25.327	12.656
Money collection expenses	44.587	22,212	23.194	11.886
Severance pay expense	23.921	7.532	5.004	2.275
Electricity, water, gas and communication	17.233	6.148	11.462	3.894
expenses				
Office supplies	5.956	2.895	5.245	2.817
Other	144.563	70.595	77.540	30.355
	1.985.950	1.068.201	836.329	437.815

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Notes To The Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As At and For The Period Ended June 30, 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated and all other currencies are expressed in full amounts unless otherwise stated.)

20. Expenses by nature

a) Depreciation and amortization expenses

	January 1-	April 1-	January 1-	April 1-
	June 30, 2023 J	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2022
Marketing and selling expenses	1.822.683	961.126	1.074.440	573.164
General and administrative expenses	149.266	70.462	79.530	24.806
Cost of sales	29.173	21.400	1.699	1.255
	2.001.122	1.052.988	1.155.669	599.225

b) Personnel expenses

	January 1-	April 1-	January 1-	April 1-
	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2022
Wages and salaries	7.985.344	4.094.141	3.692.216	2.017.445
Social security premiums employer contribution	1.041.808	537.451	419.348	229.415
Provision for employee termination (Note 15)	198.582	62.763	45.615	22.770
	9.225.734	4.694.355	4.157.179	2.269.630

21. Other operating income and expense

a) Other operating income

	January 1- June 30, 2023 Ju	April 1- ine 30, 2023	January 1- June 30, 2022	April 1- June 30, 2022
	(0.101	21 (50	(2.012	26.210
Gain on sale of scraps	69.181	31.679	62.912	36.310
Contract termination income (IFRS-16)	25.617	11.027	14.383	5.289
Commission and promotion income	-	-	9.862	5.331
Other income from operations(*)	461.750	421.638	75.335	45.961
	556.548	464.344	162.492	92.891

^(*) Most of the balance is due to the refund amount of the Competition Board Penalty within the scope of tax peace (359,298) and the related amount is exempt from corporate tax.

b) Other operating expense

	January 1- June 30, 2023 Ju	April 1- ne 30, 2023	January 1- June 30, 2022 Ju	April 1- ine 30, 2022
Donation and aid expenses	98.801	15.174	30.085	21.575
Provision expenses	26.049	9.217	17.471	13.531
Other operating expenses	28.973	11.373	6.016	3.378
	153.823	35.764	53.572	38.484

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Notes To The Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As At and For The Period Ended June 30, 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated and all other currencies are expressed in full amounts unless otherwise stated.)

22. Financial income

	January 1-	April 1-	January 1-	April 1-
	June 30, 2023 Jun	ne 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2022
Participation account income Foreign exchange gains	114.674	104.894	75.141	24.312
	27.052	17.370	43.653	10.501
	141.726	122.264	118.794	34.813

23. Financial expenses

	January 1-	April 1-	January 1-	April 1-
	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2022
Financial expenses arises from lease liabilities	816.044	437.116	487.863	256.181
Foreign exchange losses	81.268	22.489	65.714	22.573
Interest cost related to provision for employee termination (Note 15) Other financial expenses	70.797	28.107	38.809	19.397
	28.044	15.659	7.919	3.675
	996.153	503.371	600.305	

24. Income and expense from investing activities

a) Income from investing activities

	January 1- June 30, 2023	April 1- June 30, 2023	January 1- June 30, 2022 J	April 1- une 30, 2022
Incomes from financial investments (*) Currency from protected deposits	151.346	84.558	60.415 127.464	17.068 127.464
Dividend income	-	-	3.790	3.790
	151.346	84.558	191.669	148.322

^(*) The balance consists of income from investment funds and lease certificates of the Group.

b) Expense from investing activities

As of 30 June 2023, there is TL 47.120 on the sale of fixed assets. (June 30, 2022: None).

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Notes To The Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As At and For The Period Ended June 30, 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated and all other currencies are expressed in full amounts unless otherwise stated.)

25. Tax assets and liabilities

As of June 30, 2023, and December 31, 2022, provision for taxes of the Group is as follows:

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Current income tax liabilities	800.279	1.507.251
Current tax assets (Prepaid taxes)	(300.968)	(1.178.120)
Tax expense related to revaluation value expenditure fund		
recognized in the statutory financial statements (*)	-	26.082
Corporate tax payable	499.311	355.213
Current period corporate and income tax provision	800.279	1.507.251
Adjustments to prior period tax expense (-)	21.870	(72.553)
Tax expense related to revaluation value expenditure fund		
recognized in the statutory financial statements (*)	-	26.082
Tax expense %2 related to revaluation fund recognized in the		
statutory financial statements (*)	-	26.807
Current income tax liabilities	822,149	1.487.587

(*) It is the tax expense arising from the revaluation fund applied in the statutory financial statements of the Company.

The Company and its subsidiaries, affiliates and joint ventures established in Turkey and other countries within the scope of consolidation are subject to the applicable tax legislation and practices of the countries in which they operate.

The corporate tax rate in Turkey is 20%. (31 December 2022: 23%) The corporate tax rate is applied to the net corporate income to be found as a result of adding the non-deductible expenses in accordance with the tax laws to the commercial income of the corporations and deducting the exemptions and deductions in the tax laws. Corporate tax is declared until the evening of the 30th day of the 4th month following the end of the relevant year and is paid until the end of the relevant month.

Companies calculate corporate tax at the rate of 20% on their quarterly financial profits and declare it until the 17th day of the second month following that period and pay it until the evening of the seventeenth day. The temporary tax paid during the year belongs to that year and is deducted from the corporate tax to be calculated on the corporate tax return to be submitted in the following year. If the amount of corporate tax paid remains despite the deduction, this amount can be refunded in cash or set off against any other financial debt to the government.

In Morocco, as of June 30, 2023 the corporate tax rate is 31% (December 31, 2022: 31%) where the consolidated subsidiary of the Company, BIM Stores S.A. operates. Although retained earnings of BIM Stores S.A. are the subject of a deduction that they are not carried forward for more than 5 years, a tax of %0,5 is paid on sales. In Egypt, as of June 30, 2023 the corporate tax rate is 22.5% (December 31, 2022: 22.5%) where the consolidated subsidiary of the Company, BIM Stores LLC operates.

Corporate tax losses can be carried forward for a maximum period of 5 years following the year in which the losses were incurred. The tax authorities can inspect tax returns and the related accounting records for a retrospective maximum period of five years.

BİM Birleşik Mağazalar A.Ş.

Notes To The Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As At and For The Period Ended June 30, 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated and all other currencies are expressed in full amounts unless otherwise stated.)

25. Tax assets and liabilities (Cont'd)

10% withholding tax rate applies to dividends distributed by resident corporations resident real persons except for, those who are not liable to income and corporation tax, non-resident real persons, non-resident corporations. Dividend distribution by resident corporations to resident corporations is not subject to a withholding tax. Furthermore, in the event the profit is not distributed or included in capital, no withholding tax shall be applicable. In addition, if the profit is not distributed or added to the capital, the income tax is not calculated.

With the "Law Amending the Tax Procedure Law and the Corporate Tax Law", which was accepted on the agenda of the Turkish Grand National Assembly on January 20, 2022, the application of inflation accounting was postponed starting from the balance sheet dated on December 31, 2023.

As of June 30, 2023, and December 31, 2022, temporary differences based for deferred tax and deferred tax asset and liability calculated by using applicable tax rates are as follows:

	Balanc	e sheet	Comprehei	nsive income
			January 1-	January 1-
	June 30,	December 31,	June 30,	June 30,
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Deferred tax liability				
Right-of-use asset	2.808.452	1.869.186	939.266	253.325
The effect of the revaluation of land and buildings	3.336.374	3.327.666	8.708	-
The effect of the revaluation of financial asset	97.382	97.382	-	-
Other adjustments	152,242	121.008	31.234	80.334
Deferred tax asset				
Lease liabilities	(3.063.273)	(2.104.270)	(959.003)	(287.575)
Tangible and intangible assets, except the effect of revaluation effect	(3.423.493)	(3.559.298)	135.805	40.726
Provision for employee termination benefit	(244.007)	(199.069)	(44.938)	(5.688)
Other adjustments	(384.797)	(226.431)	(158.366)	(94.929)
Currency translation difference	-	-	23.002	7.323
Deferred tax	(721.120)	(673.826)	(24.292	(6.484)

Deferred tax is presented in financial statements as follows:

Net deferred tax asset	721.120	673.826
Deferred tax assets Deferred tax liabilities	(9.135)	(9.224)
Deferred tax assets	730,255	683.050
	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022

BİM Birleşik Mağazalar A.Ş.

Notes To The Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As At and For The Period Ended June 30, 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated and all other currencies are expressed in full amounts unless otherwise stated.)

25. Tax assets and liabilities (Cont'd)

Movement of net deferred tax liability for the periods ended June 30, 2023, and 2022 are as follows:

	January 1- June 30, 2023	January 1- June 30, 2022
Balance at the beginning of the period - January 1	673.826	(284.188)
Deferred tax expense recognized in statement of profit or loss, net	(73.794)	(6.484)
Deferred tax expense recognized in other comprehensive income	98.086	-
-Defined benefit plans revaluation fund loss	98.086	-
Foreign currency translation differences	23.002	(7.323)
Balance at the end of the period – June 30	721.120	(297.995)

Tax reconciliation

	January 1-	January 1-
	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022
Profit before tax	5.082.018	3.780.033
Corporate tax provision calculated at effective tax rate of 20% (July 30,	(1.016.404)	(869.408
2022: %23)		
Fiscal year losses which is no deferred tax not created	138.862	29.317
Expenses and deductions that are not legally accepted	35.261	20.055
Effect of tax rate differences of the consolidated subsidiary (*)	(10.160)	(11.713)
Effect of sales of the consolidated subsidiary	(16.425)	(4.434)
Effect of tax rate changes	-	2.260
Adjustments to prior period tax expense	(21.870)	99.361
Other	(5.207)	(17.819)
	(895.943)	(752.381)

(*) Dost Global Danışmanlık A. Ş. fiscal year loss to BIM Stores Llc (BIM Egypt), a subsidiary.

	January 1-	January 1-
Tax expense	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022
Current period tax expense	(822.149)	(758.865)
Deferred tax income	(73.794)	6.484
Total tax expense	(895.943)	(752.381)

BİM Birleşik Mağazalar A.Ş.

Notes To The Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As At and For The Period Ended June 30, 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated and all other currencies are expressed in full amounts unless otherwise stated.)

26. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit for the period by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period. Earnings per share for the period ended as of June 30, 2023, and 2022 is as follows. All shares of the Company are in same status.

Earnings per share	January 1- June 30, 2023	January 1- June 30, 2022
Average number of shares at the beginning of the period (Thousand) Net profit of the year	597.217 4.199.297	598.081 3.017.698
	7.03	5.05

(*) When calculating earnings per share, bonus shares are counted as issued shares. Therefore, the weighted average number of shares used in the calculation of earnings per share has been obtained by retrospectively considering the bonus shares issued.

27. Non – controlling interests

Details of non-controlling interests as of 30 June 2023 and 31 December 2022 are as follows:

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Share of non – controlling interests	%35	%35
Total assets	5.958.247	3.527.194
Total liabilities	(5.325.265)	(2.931.686)
Net assets	632.982	595.508
Non – controlling interests	221.544	208.428

Details of total revenue/expense of non-controlling interests as of 30 June 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	January 1- June 30, 2023	January 1- June 30, 2022
Revenue	4.585.650	3.099.027
Gross profit	747.328	589.324
Operating profit	17.388	78.627
Net income for the period	(37.776)	28.440
Net profit for the period of non-controlling interests	(13.222)	9.954
Other comprehensive income from non-controlling interests	83.528	27.818
Total comprehensive income of non-controlling interests	70.306	37.772

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28. Related party disclosures

a) Prepaid expenses to related parties

As of 30 June 2023 and 31 December 2022, the balances of prepaid expenses to related parties are as follows:

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Reka Bitkisel Yağlar Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. (Reka) ⁽¹⁾	581.362	-
Avansas Ofis Malzemeleri Ticaret A.Ş. (Avansas) (1)	9.850	-
Apak Pazarlama ve Gıda Sanayi Tic. Ltd. Şti. (Apak) ⁽¹⁾	-	15.193
	591.212	15.193

b) Payables related to goods and services received

Due to related parties balances as of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 are as follows:

Payables related to goods and services received:

Related parties

June 30,	December 31,
2023	2022
756.572	561.108
451.800	471.117
434.580	422.949
340.315	446.598
265.348	248.487
96.285	-
34.635	35.682
19.334	14.796
-	271.945
-	5.824
-	5.228
	2023 756.572 451.800 434.580 340.315 265.348 96.285 34.635

^(*) Trade payables to Başak Gıda are mainly from purchases of bread and other bakery products, trade payables to Aktül Kağıt are mainly from purchases of paper towels and other paper cleaning materials, trade payables to Sena are mainly from purchases of food products, trade payables to Turkuvaz Plastik mainly arise from purchases of plastic products and plastic cleaning materials, while trade payables to Hedef Tüketim mainly arise from purchases of non-food products.

2.398.869

2.483.734

⁽¹⁾ Companies owned by shareholders of the Company.

⁽²⁾ Other related party.

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28. Related party disclosures (Cont'd)

c) Related party transactions

i) Purchases from related parties during the periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

Related parties

	January 1-	January 1-
	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022
Başak (1)	2.596.851	1.566.845
Reka (1)	2.113.552	2.064.638
Hedef (1)	1.216.936	725.149
Turkuvaz (1)	1.085.271	801.892
Aktül ⁽¹⁾	984.485	711.931
Sena ⁽³⁾	662.648	415.644
Apak ⁽¹⁾	653.840	373.210
Ahenk ⁽¹⁾	129.834	47.856
Avansas ⁽¹⁾	4.984	10.674
Bahariye Mensucat ⁽¹⁾	64	-
$MTB^{(1)}$	-	32.922
	9.448.465	6.750.761

Affiliates and Subsidiaries

	January 1- June 30, 2023	January 1- June 30, 2022
İdeal Standart (2)	<u>-</u>	14.633
	-	14.633
Total Related Party Transaction	9.448.465	6.765.394

⁽¹⁾ Companies owned by shareholders of the Company.

ii) For the periods ended June 30, 2023, and 2022 salaries, bonuses and compensations provided to board of directors and key management comprising of 208 and 195 personnel, respectively, are as follows:

	January 1- June 30, 2023	January 1- June 30, 2022
Short-term benefits to Executives	177.349	102.578
Total benefits	177.349	102.578

Subsidiaries of the Group that consolidated as of the date of 30 June 2023

⁽³⁾ Other related party.

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Notes To The Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As At and For The Period Ended June 30, 2023

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29. Financial instruments and financial risk management

The Group is exposed to a variety of financial risks, including the effects of changes in debt and equity market prices, foreign currency exchange rates and profit share rates. These risks are market risk (including foreign currency risk and profit share rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Group.

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise cash and short-term interest free bank loans. The main purpose of using these financial instruments is to raise finance for the Group's operations. The Group has other financial instruments such as trade receivables and payables which arise directly from its operations. The Group manages its capital through cash provided by its operations and review of the maturities of the trade payables.

Price risk

Price risk is a combination of foreign currency, profit share and market risk. The Group naturally manages its price risk by matching the same foreign currency denominated receivable and payables and assets and liabilities bearing profit share. The Group closely monitors its market risk by analyzing the market conditions and using appropriate valuation methods.

Profit share rate risk

The Group does not have material profit share rate sensitive asset. The Group's income and cash flows from operations are independent from profit share rate risk.

The Group's profit share rate risk mainly comprises of outstanding short-term borrowings in the prior period. The Group's forthcoming loans in order to continue its operating activities are affected from forthcoming profit share ratios.

Profit share rate position table

According to IFRS 7 "Financial Assets", the profit share rate position of the Group is as follows:

Profit share position	n table	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Financial assets	Fixed profit share bearing financial instruments	2.568.571	2.312.357
	Participation account	-	300.000
	Lease certificate & Investment fund & Currency		
	protected deposit	2.568.571	2.012.357
Financial liabilities		-	-
Financial assets	Variable profit share bearing financial instruments	-	-
Financial liabilities		-	-

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. Since the Group is engaged in the retail sector and transactions are mainly on a cash basis or has 1-month maturity credit card collections, the exposure to credit and price risk is minimal.

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(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated and all other currencies are expressed in full amounts unless otherwise stated.)

29. Financial instruments and financial risk management (Cont'd)

Credit risk table (Current period - June 30, 2023)

	Credit card receivables		Other receivables		Deposit in bank		Financial assets	
	Related party	Other party	Related party	Other party	Related party	Other party	Related party	Other party
Maximum credit risk exposures as								
of report date $(A+B+C+D+E)$	-	9.858.560	1.707	611.301	-	2.258.554	2.092.540	2.568.571
 Maximum risk secured by 								
guarantees etc.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
A. Net book value of financial assets neither overdue nor								
impaired	_	9.858.560	1.707	611,301	_	2,258,554	2.092.540	2.568.571
B. Net book value of financial		2.020.200	1.707	011.501		2.230.334	2.072.540	2.500.571
assets that are renegotiated, if								
not that will be accepted as past								
due or impaired	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
C. Carrying value of financial assets								
that are past due but not								
impaired	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
- The part under guarantee								
with collateral etc.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
D. Net book value of impaired								
assets	_	_	-	_	_	-	-	_
- Past due (gross carrying								
amount)	_	_	_	11.420	_	-	-	-
- Impairment	-	-	-	(11.420)	-	-	-	-
- The part of net value under								
guarantee with collateral etc.	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	-
- Not past due (gross carrying								
amount)	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	-
- Impairment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
E. Off-balance sheet items with								
credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

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Notes To The Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As At and For The Period Ended June 30, 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated and all other currencies are expressed in full amounts unless otherwise stated.)

29. Financial instruments and financial risk management (Cont'd)

Credit risk table (Previous period - December 31, 2022)

	Credit card receivables		Other receivables		Deposit in bank		Financial assets	
	Related party	Other party	Related party	Other party	Related party	Other party	Related party	Other party
Maximum credit risk exposures as								
of report date (A+B+C+D+E)	-	7.074.346	988	164.048	-	1.095.760	2.092.540	2.012.357
- Maximum risk secured by								
guarantees etc.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
A. Net book value of financial								
assets neither overdue nor								
impaired	_	7.074.346	988	164.048	-	1.095.760	2.092.540	2.012.357
B. Net book value of financial								
assets that are renegotiated, if								
not that will be accepted as past								
due or impaired	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
C. Carrying value of financial assets								
that are past due but not								
impaired	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
- The part under guarantee								
with collateral etc.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
D. Net book value of impaired								
assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
 Past due (gross carrying 								
amount)	-	-	-	11.386	-	-	-	-
- Impairment	-	-	-	(11.386)	-	-	-	-
- The part of net value under								
guarantee with collateral								
etc.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
 Not past due (gross carrying 								
amount)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Impairment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
E. Off-balance sheet items with								
credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

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(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated and all other currencies are expressed in full amounts unless otherwise stated.)

29. Financial instruments and financial risk management (Cont'd)

There is an insignificant amount of foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities, so the Company does not use derivative financial instruments or future contracts to reduce the risk of foreign currency.

Foreign currency position

As of June 30, 2023, and December 31, 2022, the Group's foreign currency position is as follows:

	June 30, 2023				December 31, 2022			
	TRY	,			TRY			
	Equivalent	Full US Dollars	Full EUR	Full GBP	Equivalent	Full US Dollars	Full EUR	Full GBP
1. Trade receivables	76.525	2.426.037	492.918	_	42.920	2.261.535	31.743	
2a. Monetary financial assets (including cash, banks accounts)	63.653	2.222.756	213.440	7.466	31.619	1.121.063	526.145	7.466
2b. Non-monetary financial assets	03.055	2.222.730	213.440	7.400	31.017	1.121.003	320.143	7.400
3. Other		-	-	-	_		_	_
4. Current assets (1+2+3)	140.178	4.648.793	706.358	7.466	74.539	3.382.598	557.888	7.466
5. Trade receivables	-	-10-10172	-	-	-	5.562.576	-	7.400
6a. Monetary financial assets	_	_	_	2.	_	_		2
6b. Non-monetary financial assets	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	-
7. Other	_	-	_	_	170	9.100	_	_
8. Current assets (5+6+7)	_	-	_	2	170	9.100	_	2
9. Total assets (4+8)	140.178	4.648.793	706.358	7.468	74.709	3.391.698	557.888	7.468
10. Trade payables	42		1.480		30	-	1.481	-
11. Financial liabilities	113.705	-	4.038.687	-	78.092	-	3.917.390	-
12a. Monetary other liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12b. Non-monetary other liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
13. Current liabilities (10+11+12)	113.747	-	4.040.167	-	78.122	-	3.918.871	-
14. Trade payables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15. Financial liabilities	113.366	-	4.026.638	-	165.534	-	8.303.735	-
16a. Monetary other liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
16b. Non-monetary other liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
17. Non-current liabilities (14+15+16)	113.366	-	4.026.638	-	165.534	-	8.303.735	-
18. Total liabilities (13+17)	227.113	-	8.066.805	-	243.656	-	12.222.606	-
19. Net asset/(liability) position of off-balance sheet derivative								-
instruments (19a-19b)	-	-	-		-	-	-	
19a. Hedged total assets amount	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
19b. Hedged total liabilities amount	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20. Net foreign currency asset/(liability) position (9-18+19)	(86.935)	4.648.793	(7.360.447)	7.468	(168.947)	3.391.698	(11.664.718)	7.468
21. Net foreign currency asset/(liability) position of monetary items								
(IFRS 7.b23) (=1+2a+5+6a-10-11-12a-14-15-16a)	(86.935)	4.648.793	(7.360.447)	7.468	(169.117)	3.382.598	(11.664.718)	7.468
22. Total fair value of financial instruments used for foreign currency								
hedging	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
23. Export	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
24. Import	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

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Notes To The Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As At and For The Period Ended June 30, 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated and all other currencies are expressed in full amounts unless otherwise stated.)

29. Financial instruments and financial risk management (Cont'd)

Exchange rate risk

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a possible change in the US Dollar and Euro exchange rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit before tax as of June 30, 2023, and December 31, 2022.

June 30, 2023

			te sensitivity lysis					
	Current Period							
			Profit/(Loss)	Equity				
		Foreign	Foreign	Foreign	Foreign			
		currency	currency	currency	currency			
		appreciation	depreciation	appreciation	Depreciation			
	Change of US Dollars against TRY by 10%:							
1-	US Dollars net asset/(liability)	12.005	(12.005)	_	_			
2-	Protected part from US Dollars risk (-)	-	-	-	_			
3-	US Dollars net effect (1+2)	12.005	(12.005)	-	-			
	Change of EUR against TRY by 10%:							
4-	EUR net asset/(liability)	(20.723)	20.723	-	-			
5-	Protected part from EUR risk (-)	-	-	-	-			
6-	EUR net effect (4+5)	(20.723)	20.723	-	-			
	Change of GBP against TRY by 10%:							
7-	GBP net asset/(liability)	25	(25)	-	-			
8-	Protected part from GBP risk (-)	-	-	-	-			
9-	GBP net effect (7+8)	25	(25)	-	-			
	Total (3+6+9)	(8.693)	8.693					

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 $(Amounts\ expressed\ in\ thousands\ of\ Turkish\ Lira\ ("TRY")\ unless\ otherwise\ stated\ and\ all\ other\ currencies\ are\ expressed\ in\ full\ amounts\ unless\ otherwise\ stated.)$

29. Financial instruments and financial risk management (Cont'd)

December 31, 2022

	Exchange rate sensitivity analysis							
	Prior Period							
		Profit/(Loss)	11101 1 criou	Equity				
		Foreign	Foreign	Foreign	Foreign			
		currency	currency	currency	currency			
		appreciation	depreciation	appreciation	Depreciation			
	Change of US Dollars against TRY by 10%:							
1-	US Dollars net asset/(liability)	6.342	(6.342)	-	_			
2-	Protected part from US Dollars risk(-)	_	-	-	-			
3-	US Dollars net effect (1+2)	6.342	(6.342)	-	-			
	Change of EUR against TRY by 10%:							
4-	EUR net asset/(liability)	(23.253)	23.253	-	-			
5-	Protected part from EUR risk(-)	-	-	-	-			
6-	EUR net effect (4+5)	(23.253)	23.253	-	-			
	Change of GBP against TRY by 10%:							
7-	GBP net asset/(liability)	17	(17)	-	-			
8-	Protected part from GBP risk(-)	-	-	-	-			
9-	GBP net effect (7+8)	17	(17)	-	-			
	Total (3+6+9)	(16.894)	16.894		-			

Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management includes maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities, the availability of funding from an adequate amount of committed credit facilities and the ability to close out market positions.

The ability to fund existing and prospective debt requirements is managed by maintaining the availability of adequate committed funding lines from high quality lenders.

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Notes To The Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As At and For The Period Ended June 30, 2023

 $(Amounts\ expressed\ in\ thousands\ of\ Turkish\ Lira\ ("TRY")\ unless\ otherwise\ stated\ and\ all\ other\ currencies\ are\ expressed\ in\ full\ amounts\ unless\ otherwise\ stated.)$

29. Financial instruments and financial risk management (Cont'd)

As of June 30, 2023, and December 31, 2022, maturities of undiscounted trade payables and financial liabilities of the Group are as follows:

June 30, 2023

Contractual terms	Carrying value	Total cash outflow	Less than 3 months	3 -12 months	More than 1 year
Non derivative financial liabilities					
Trade payables Due to related parties Contractual lease liabilities	32.035.855 2.398.869 17.090.956	32.774.020 2.458.824 28.956.500	32.774.020 2.458.824 941.600	2.582.889	- - 25.432.011
December 31, 2022					
Contractual terms	Carrying value	Total cash outflow	Less than 3 months	3 -12 months	More than 1 year
Non derivative financial liabilities					
Trade payables Due to related parties Contractual lease liabilities	22.261.514 2.483.734 11.910.848	22.813.209 2.550.678 20.683.453	22.813.209 2.550.678 712.030	- 1.922.627	- - 18.048.796

Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. Net debt is calculated as total liabilities less cash and cash equivalents.

The gearing ratios at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 are as follows:

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Total liabilities	57.497.905	39.275.030
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	(3.981.304)	(2.181.753)
Net debt	53.516.601	37.093.277
Total equity	25.929.677	25.200.975
Total equity + net debt	79.446.278	62.294.252
Net debt/(Total equity + net debt) (%)	67	60

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(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated and all other currencies are expressed in full amounts unless otherwise stated.)

30. Financial instruments (Fair value disclosures and disclosures in the frame of hedge accounting)

Fair value estimation

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value, by valuation method. The different levels have been defined as follows:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (Level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (Level 3).

The following table presents the group's financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022. See note 10 for disclosures of the land and buildings that are measured at fair value (Note 10).

Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Total	June 30, 2023
	Financial assets measured at fair
	value through other
	comprehensive income
- 2.092.540 - 2.092.540	Financial Assets
ner	Financial assets measured at fair value through other
	comprehensive income
- 2.568.571 - 2.568.571	Lease certificates, investment funds
- 4.661.111 - 4.661.111	Total assets
Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Total	December 31, 2022
	Financial assets measured at fair
	value through other
	comprehensive income
- 2.092.540 - 2.092.540	Financial Assets
	Financial assets measured at fair value through other
	comprehensive income
- 2.012.357 - 2.012.357	Lease certificates, investment funds
- 4.104.897 - 4.104.897	Total assets
- 2.568.571 - 2.56 - 4.661.111 - 4.66 Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 - 2.092.540 - 2.09 - 2.012.357 - 2.01	Comprehensive income Lease certificates, investment funds Total assets December 31, 2022 Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income Financial Assets Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income Lease certificates, investment funds

There were no transfers between levels during in year.

(a) Financial instruments in level 2

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, over-the-counter derivatives) is determined by using valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximize the use of observable market data where it is available and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

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30. Financial instruments (Fair value disclosures and disclosures in the frame of hedge accounting) (Cont'd)

Specific valuation techniques used to value financial instruments include:

- Ouoted market prices or dealer quotes for similar instruments,
- Other techniques, such as discounted cash flow analysis, are used to determine fair value for the remaining financial instruments.

As of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, except for the available for sale financial assets disclosed in Note 5, the fair values of certain financial assets carried at cost including cash and cash equivalents profit share accruals and other short-term financial assets are considered to approximate their respective carrying values due to their short-term nature. The carrying value of trade receivables along with the related allowance for unearned income and uncollectibilities are estimated to be their fair values.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities of which fair values approximate their carrying values:

Fair values of trade payables and other monetary liabilities are considered to approximate their respective carrying values due to their short-term nature. The bank borrowings are stated at their amortized costs and transaction costs are included in the initial measurement of loans and borrowings. The fair value of bank borrowings with variable rates are considered to approximate their respective carrying values since the profit share rate applied to bank loans and borrowings are updated periodically by the lender to reflect active market price quotations. The carrying value of trade payables along with the related allowance for unrealized cost is estimated to be their fair values.

31. Fees for Services Received from Independent Audit Firm

The Company's explanation regarding the fees for the services rendered by the independent audit firms, which was prepared by the KGK pursuant to the Board Decision published in the Official Gazette on March 30, 2021, and the preparation principles were based on the letter of the KGK dated August 19, 2021, is as follows:

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Legal and voluntary independent audit services (annual)	1.600	500
	1.600	500

32. Subsequent events

With the Law submitted to the Grand National Assembly of Turkey on 5 July 2023 and published in the Official Gazette dated 15 July 2023, amendments were made to the Corporate Tax Law No. 5520. According to this; The corporate tax rate has been increased from 20% to 25%, starting with the declarations that must be submitted as of October 1, 2023. Studies are continuing to determine the effects of these changes on current and deferred tax calculations.